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HONGKONG, THURSDAY, APRIL 8TH, 1926.

號八月四年五十國民華中

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### TIME-TABLE.

#### WEEK DAYS

|                  |      | A.M. | A.M.  | A.M.  | A.M.  | P.M. | P.M. | P.M. | P.M. |
|------------------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|
| Kowloon...       | Dep. | 6.40 | 9.15  | 10.30 | 12.00 | 1.15 | 4.35 | 5.25 | 7.10 |
| Yau-mai...       | Dep. | 6.50 | 9.24  | 10.39 | 12.09 | 1.24 | 4.44 | 5.34 | 7.19 |
| Shatin...        | Dep. | 7.03 | 9.36  | 10.51 | 12.21 | 1.36 | 4.56 | 5.46 | 7.31 |
| Tai-po...        | Dep. | 7.16 | 9.49  | 11.04 | 12.34 | 1.49 | 5.09 | 5.59 | 7.44 |
| Tai-po Market... | Dep. | 7.31 | 10.03 | 11.18 | 12.48 | 2.03 | 5.23 | 6.13 | 7.58 |
| Fanning...       | Dep. | 7.36 | 10.08 | 11.23 | 12.53 | 2.08 | 5.28 | 6.18 | 8.03 |
| Shum-shan...     | Dep. | 7.49 | 10.21 | 11.36 | 13.06 | 2.21 | 5.41 | 6.31 | 8.16 |
| Shum-shan...     | Arr. | 7.49 | 10.18 | 11.33 | 13.03 | 2.18 | 5.38 | 6.28 | 8.13 |

|                  |      | A.M. | A.M. | A.M.  | A.M.  | P.M. | P.M. | P.M. | P.M. |
|------------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|
| Shum-shan...     | Dep. | 7.31 | 9.05 | 10.38 | 11.40 | 1.00 | 4.17 | 5.18 | 6.08 |
| Shum-shan...     | Dep. | 7.39 | 9.13 | 10.46 | 11.47 | 1.07 | 4.24 | 5.25 | 6.15 |
| Fanning...       | Dep. | 7.59 | 9.32 | 11.05 | 12.07 | 1.27 | 4.44 | 5.45 | 6.35 |
| Tai-po Market... | Dep. | 7.49 | 9.23 | 10.56 | 11.58 | 1.17 | 4.34 | 5.35 | 6.25 |
| Tai-po...        | Dep. | 7.49 | 9.23 | 10.56 | 11.58 | 1.17 | 4.34 | 5.35 | 6.25 |
| Shatin...        | Dep. | 7.59 | 9.32 | 11.05 | 12.07 | 1.27 | 4.44 | 5.45 | 6.35 |
| Yau-mai...       | Dep. | 8.13 | 9.36 | 11.09 | 12.11 | 1.41 | 4.58 | 5.59 | 6.49 |
| Kowloon...       | Dep. | 8.30 | 9.53 | 11.26 | 12.28 | 2.00 | 5.16 | 6.17 | 7.07 |
| Kowloon...       | Arr. | 8.30 | 9.53 | 11.26 | 12.28 | 1.58 | 5.14 | 6.15 | 7.05 |

#### SUNDAYS AND PUBLIC HOLIDAYS

|                  |      | A.M. | A.M. | A.M.  | A.M.  | P.M.  | P.M. | P.M. | P.M. |
|------------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|
| Kowloon...       | Dep. | 6.40 | 8.35 | 9.15  | 10.30 | 12.00 | 2.25 | 5.25 | 7.10 |
| Yau-mai...       | Dep. | 6.50 | —    | 9.24  | 10.39 | 12.09 | 2.31 | 5.31 | 7.19 |
| Shatin...        | Dep. | 7.03 | —    | 9.36  | 10.51 | 12.21 | 2.43 | 5.43 | 7.31 |
| Tai-po...        | Dep. | 7.16 | —    | 9.49  | 11.04 | 12.34 | 2.56 | 5.56 | 7.44 |
| Tai-po Market... | Dep. | 7.31 | —    | 10.03 | 11.18 | 12.48 | 3.08 | 6.08 | 7.58 |
| Fanning...       | Dep. | 7.36 | —    | 10.08 | 11.23 | 12.53 | 3.13 | 6.13 | 8.03 |
| Shum-shan...     | Dep. | 7.49 | 9.12 | 10.21 | 11.36 | 13.06 | 3.21 | 6.21 | 8.16 |
| Shum-shan...     | Arr. | 7.49 | 9.18 | 10.18 | 11.28 | 12.58 | 3.21 | 6.21 | 8.08 |

|                  |      | A.M. | A.M.  | A.M.  | A.M.  | P.M. | P.M. | P.M. | P.M. |
|------------------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|
| Shum-shan...     | Dep. | 8.13 | 10.38 | 11.40 | 12.00 | 1.17 | 5.20 | 6.40 | 8.09 |
| Shum-shan...     | Dep. | 8.19 | 10.45 | 11.47 | 12.07 | 1.23 | 5.27 | 6.47 | 8.15 |
| Fanning...       | Dep. | 8.26 | 10.49 | 11.51 | 12.11 | 1.30 | 5.34 | 6.54 | 8.22 |
| Tai-po Market... | Dep. | 8.33 | 10.56 | 11.58 | 12.18 | 1.37 | 5.41 | 7.01 | 8.29 |
| Tai-po...        | Dep. | 8.37 | 11.04 | 12.07 | 12.25 | 1.41 | 5.45 | 7.05 | 8.33 |
| Shatin...        | Dep. | 8.51 | 11.17 | 12.20 | 12.38 | 1.55 | 5.59 | 7.19 | 8.47 |
| Yau-mai...       | Dep. | 9.05 | 11.32 | 12.35 | 12.53 | 2.07 | 6.13 | 7.33 | 8.61 |
| Kowloon...       | Dep. | 9.11 | 11.37 | 12.41 | 12.58 | 2.13 | 6.19 | 7.39 | 8.67 |
| Kowloon...       | Arr. | 9.11 | 11.37 | 12.41 | 12.58 | 2.11 | 6.17 | 7.37 | 8.65 |

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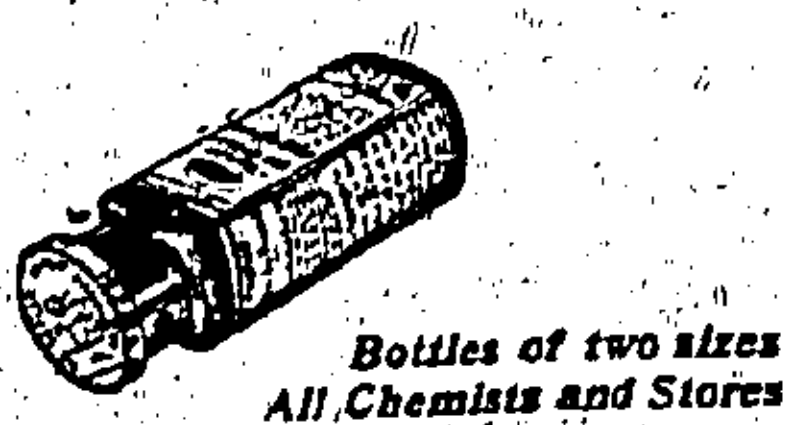
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## THE AMERICAN GOLFER

WHERE HE SCORES.

THE ART OF SAYING SHOTS.

A golf correspondent writing in a  
London paper says:—

We are left with no delusions as to the  
excellence of the American golfer. For  
a long time we tried hard to persuade  
ourselves that he could not control the  
ball on the wind-swept seaside course,  
and that even in putting he would lose  
his deadlines on our sun-dried, fast  
greens. But four wins in five years in  
the championship and four consecutive  
successes in the amateur international  
match have rudely dispelled these en-  
couraging ideas.

But despite this melancholy record,  
there is still no evidence that the Ameri-  
can is superior in the high arts of golf.  
His advantage is not in playing the  
shots, but in saving them. He has at-  
tained a mastery in that phase of the  
game which counts for most in the result.  
Very properly we praise him for his  
thoroughness and his infinite capacity for  
taking pains, and no one has ever at-  
tempted to belittle his wonderful achieve-  
ments. If we would beat him we must  
play the chips and the putts with the  
same stroke-saving effect.

It is now realised, both by amateurs  
and professionals, how the American has  
achieved greatness in the game. This is  
proved by the wise decision of St.  
Andrews in picking twenty-one players  
as possible candidates for the British  
team, and giving them four months in  
which to polish up their game. "It is to  
be hoped that the time will be profitably  
occupied."

### A BIG GAMBLE.

In my view the Americans have taken  
a big gamble in some of the players they  
have decided to send, and if it does not  
come off they ought to be beaten. Three  
of the eight have not been to this coun-  
try before, and two of them, Watts Gunn  
and Roland MacKenzie, are still in their  
teens. The speed with which the Ameri-  
can golfer comes to maturity has always  
been astonishing, but it will not be ex-  
ceptional if the two players mentioned  
do not do themselves justice.

The other newcomer, George von Elm,  
is older and more experienced, but he,  
too, is likely to suffer owing to his lack  
of knowledge of the conditions which  
obtain in this country.

Starting from the time of the first  
American challenge, when MacDermott  
played in the championship at Muirfield,  
and hooked three balls in succession out  
of bounds, and failed to qualify, only one  
visitor has won success at the first at-  
tempt. This was Jock Hutchison at St.  
Andrews in 1921, and in his case he not  
only learnt the game on the old course,  
but he played continuously over it for  
two or three months before competing in  
the championship. Even Hagen, who at  
the time had twice won the American  
championship, was almost a complete  
failure on his first visit in 1923. Indeed,  
it was not until his third attempt that  
Hagen was successful. Barnes had to  
complete six times before he gained the  
title.

Much the same thing has happened to  
the American amateurs. Jerome Travers,  
the leading player at the time, came to  
Sandwich in 1914, and he was greatly  
fascinated. But he was not to be  
in the first round by C. A. Palmer, a  
man old enough to be his father.  
Francis Ouimet paid his first visit that  
year, and in the previous summer he had  
vanquished both Vardon and Ray in the  
play-off for the American championship.  
If I remember rightly he lasted a couple  
of rounds and then was dismissed by an  
almost unknown English golfer.

### WHEN "BOBBIE" JONES FAILED.

Nor has one forgotten the unhappy  
experience of Bobbie Jones in 1921. It  
was realised he was a wonderful player  
as soon as he swung a club, and he was  
successful in both his matches in the in-  
ternational contest. But as the Hoylake  
course got faster and faster, and the ball  
more difficult to hole on the glassy  
greens, Jones lost his confidence and he  
went down before a player who could not  
have thought much of his chances. Jones  
went on to St. Andrews to compete in  
the open championship, and his golf be-  
came steadily worse. Indeed he had not  
the patience to play on to the finish.  
It is because of these facts that I think  
America has taken a big risk in sending  
two such young players, as MacKenzie  
and Gunn, no matter how accomplished  
they may have proved themselves to be at  
home, and one other, von Elm, who can  
have only a slight idea of the conditions  
under which he will have to play.

I shall be still more hopeful of the  
British team winning if it is a dry sum-  
mer and the turf and the greens run fast.  
It is the practice of Americans to hit  
their putts firmly, as is possible on greens  
that are watered every night, and when  
the ball has to be coaxed up to the hole  
with always the fear that it may pass  
out of safe holding distance the game be-  
comes 50 per cent. harder all round.

There are many reasons why one thinks  
the Americans may at last be beaten.  
Perhaps the best is that Britain is mak-  
ing thorough preparations for the match  
for the first time.

## M.C.C. AND SCHOOLBOYS.

EVENING CRICKET LESSONS.

Sir Arthur Crossfield, chairman of the  
National Playing Fields Association,  
speaking at the annual general meeting  
of the London and Southern Counties  
Club Cricket Conference at the Regent-  
street Polytechnic, said that the object  
of his association was to further recrea-  
tional facilities throughout the country  
for those most in need of them. One of  
its principal aims was to give to elemen-  
tary schoolboys an opportunity of play-  
ing good cricket, and that this was neces-  
sary was proved by the fact that exist-  
ing conditions were deplorable. In Hull  
28,000 boys and in Norwich 14,000 boys  
had only one pitch, and similar condi-  
tions existed in many places.

Mr. E. A. C. Thomson, hon. secretary,  
explained a scheme which is already in  
practice at Oxford whereby organised  
cricket is made possible for elementary  
schoolboys. In England and Wales, he  
said, there were over 3,000,000 schoolboys,  
and only 2 per cent. of them could obtain  
organised cricket. To overcome this dif-  
ficulty locally, nineteen colleges at Ox-  
ford provided facilities for 1,250 boys to  
play cricket on the college grounds. Each  
of the colleges had adopted a school, and  
many of the undergraduates gave valu-  
able coaching assistance to the boys. In  
the five years the scheme had been in  
operation there had been no complaints,  
and the cost worked out at only 2s. 6d.  
per head. In these circumstances it was  
hoped that other clubs would adopt the  
scheme and bring good cricket within the  
reach of elementary schoolboys in their  
cities.

The M.C.C., he added, had entered into  
the spirit of the scheme, and promised  
to help in every way possible. They  
had offered to provide throughout the  
1926 season, on certain evenings during  
the week, cricket instructions for elemen-  
tary schoolboys, and also to arrange  
matches. An important point about the  
M.C.C. communication was their ex-  
pressed determination to treat boys from  
public schools, secondary schools, and  
elementary schools on an exactly equal  
footing, as should always be the case in  
the realms of sport. The lead of the  
M.C.C. should result in the movement  
spreading all through the country, to the  
benefit both of the nation and the great  
game of cricket.

A proposed organisation for the new  
scheme was explained to the meeting, and  
was adopted.

## FUTURE LONDON.

A hundred years ago Cobbett was  
always denouncing the monstrous size  
of London. Even his energy of vituperation  
would hardly relieve his feelings if  
he came back to see the London predicted  
by the County Council's architect,  
Mr. Topham Forrest. The London of  
1926, he tells us, will embrace Uxbridge  
and Watford, and Romford, Dartford,  
and Purley. The considerable amount of  
green fields still to be found between  
these places and the centre will become  
bricks and mortar in a quarter of a cen-  
tury. That, indeed, is exactly credible.  
Some may think that Mr. Forrest is re-  
sisted in his expectations. Less than a  
hundred years ago there were fields be-  
tween Vauxhall and the Oval, St. John's  
wood was still sylvan, Bow, as may be  
discovered from "Nicholas Nickleby,"  
was a pleasant country village. A hun-  
dred and fifty years ago people went to  
live in Finsbury for the country air, and  
Hoxton was dairy farms, and Stepney  
an isolated village, and Newington-butt  
still an archery ground, and the hedges  
of Camberwell and Clapham "perfumed  
by sweet-smelling blossom," and men shot  
snipe in Kentish Town. Mr. Forrest  
himself estimates that in 1923 no part of  
London was more than two miles from  
open country. But he does not seem to  
expect that the centrifugal forces will in-  
crease. He concedes that the original  
influence of the motor-car, to persuade  
people farther and farther afield, has  
now been exhausted, and expects to find  
more and more people with cars wanting  
"flats in the central area." This is a  
very interesting speculation. We should  
rather incline to believe that the centri-  
fugal tendency of population will in-  
crease, while the demand for central flats  
by car-owners also increases. The great  
bulk of the people who live in the outer  
suburbs travel to town not by car but  
by train. An improvement in railway  
services is more important in the spread-  
ing of the population than the dis-  
semination of cars. But the time has  
already come when people of very modest  
incomes are car-owners, and we are as-  
sured that their numbers are yet to be  
greatly increased. Therefore we must  
certainly agree with Mr. Forrest in an-  
ticipating hosts of flat-dwelling car-owners  
in Central London who will have to be  
provided for by new roads and new  
bridges. Between London Bridge and  
Vauxhall we have now available for  
wheeled traffic only the same number of  
bridges as the London of a hundred years  
ago. Even with the new embankments  
and boulevards sketched by Mr. Forrest,  
will posterity be able to allow a con-  
tinual increase in the number of cars on  
London streets?—Daily Telegraph.

## "FIND SOMETHING TO DO."

SIR E. CLARKE'S RECIPE FOR  
LONGEVITY.

Sir Edward Clarke, K.C., looking  
cheerful, hale and hearty, despite his  
long busy professional career, celebrated  
his eighty-fifth birthday by lunching at  
Prince's, Piccadilly, recently, with a  
little family party which included Lady  
Clarke, their younger son, Mr. William  
Clarke, with his wife, together with a  
nephew and niece.

"I don't see anything special about my  
birthday," said Sir Edward, smilingly,  
to a newspaper representative, "except  
perhaps that it has been coming fairly  
often. I attribute my health and fairly  
generous span of life to temperance in all  
things, and taking plenty of exercise,  
especially walking, and not indulging in  
absolute idleness, but always finding  
something to do—useful if possible, but,  
at all events, an occupation for mind and  
body."

### HIS NEW LIFE OF DISRAELI.

Sir Edward was at the moment  
perusing the proof sheets of his new life  
of Disraeli, which he expects to be issued  
in about two months. "I began my book  
just as an experiment about eighteen  
months ago without any thought of pub-  
lication," he explained, "because in the  
form in which I was compiling it the  
book could not be published without the  
sanction of the Beaconsfield trustees and  
the holders of the copyright of the six  
volumes life by Money Penny and Buckle."  
Now I am able to make full use of  
the copyright matter, and I have been  
very busy lately getting the book ready  
for publication. What I have aimed at  
is a clear and straightforward account of  
Disraeli's life in moderate compass. In-  
cidentally I am incorporating some little  
references of my own personal association  
with Disraeli."

Sir Edward said: "It is not the  
length of life that is important. What  
does matter is that it should be happy  
and useful. Mine has been very happy.  
I trust it has been of service to others."

## ECZEMA ON WRIST AND ARM

In Water Blisters. Itching  
Intense. Cuticura Heals.

"I was troubled with eczema nine  
months. The trouble was on my  
wrist and arm and came in small  
water blisters which later broke and  
formed scabs, were eruptions. The  
itching and burning were intense  
causing me to scratch which made  
it worse. At night when I got  
warm the irritation was unbearable.  
I had to give up housework."  
"I read an advertisement for  
Cuticura Soap and Ointment and  
sent for a free sample. I purchased  
more, and after using three tins of  
Ointment, with the Soap, I was  
healed." (Signed) Mrs. A. M.  
Baker, 7, Lloyd St., Gelli Fentre,  
Ystrad, Glam., S. Wales.  
Rely on Cuticura Soap, Ointment  
and Talcum to keep your skin clear.  
Soap and Ointment sold throughout the  
world. The sample will be sent you  
free of charge. Write to: Cuticura, 100  
N. 3rd St., New York, U.S.A.  
Also for mail order with price.  
Send for the Cuticura Shaving Stick.

To the Publisher

**"HONGKONG WEEKLY  
PRESS"**

1A, CHATER ROAD, HONGKONG.

Please send me the

"HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS."

From 1926 to 1926

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**SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.**

GENERAL MANAGERS,  
HONGKONG.



## GODOWNS AT MACASSAR, DUTCH EAST INDIES.

Tropical humidity, salt atmosphere and rain cause  
the rapid deterioration of unprotected steel sheets.  
**ROBERTSON'S ASBESTOS PROTECTED METAL  
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SPECIFY  
**S. K. F.**  
**BALL BEARINGS**  
ON ALL MACHINES YOU ORDER.

We can supply Bearings for all kinds of Machines.  
**POWER SAVING. NO HOT BEARINGS.**  
**SELF ALIGNING. REQUIRE LESS ATTENTION.**

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**PURE MANILA ROPE.**  
"THE CORDAGE YOU CAN TRUST."

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HAWSEERSWELL DRILLING  
CABLESROPE OF ALL  
SIZES FOR ALL  
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PURE MANILA  
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STOCKS ON HAND OF ALL SIZES. ENQUIRIES SOLICITED.

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*Employs over 450 people  
and has 140 knitting  
machines, all recently  
imported from abroad,  
under the supervision  
of an American trained  
Expert Engineer.*

This Factory,  
the most Modern Knitting Factory in  
South China, is now manufacturing

**MERCERISED SOCKS**

of the same high quality  
and dependability as the

**COTTON SOCKS**

with which the Firm  
made their reputation.

Full particulars given to all Export and Wholesale  
Firms interested in these goods, which are favourably  
known, and have acquired a high reputation, throughout  
S. America, Australia and Africa, as well as North China  
and India.

Office and Factory - Mongkok, Kowloon. Tel. K593  
Cable Address: - Souchiknit, Hongkong. A.P.B.

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13, Ice House Street.  
MEN'S DEPARTMENT NOW OPEN. A.P.B.

*Yours Truly*  
Tobacco Store

(REPRESENTING THE ORIENT TOBACCO MANUFACTORY IN  
HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA.)

If you want cigars of the best quality under the "La Ferla Del Oriente",  
"El Cometa Del Oriente" and the "Grandiosa" brands, you can rest assured that  
you can get them from us.

Come and inspect our store, or phone C. 1866 for particulars.

22, Des Voeux Road (opposite the P. & O. Building). A.P.B.

**MR. CHURCHILL AND A BETS  
TAX.**

THREE SCHEMES LAID BEFORE  
CABINET MINISTERS.

**BOOKMAKERS' INCOMES.**

M.P.'s who have been in touch with the  
Chancellor of the Exchequer on the sub-  
ject of a proposed tax on betting, are by  
no means convinced that Mr. Churchill  
has given up the idea of producing a  
scheme in this year's Budget, although  
it is admitted that the legalisation of bet-  
ting, which is a necessary part of any  
taxation plan, would require amendment  
of the present betting laws.

Mr. Churchill is keenly attracted to the  
possibilities of deriving a considerable  
revenue out of a betting tax and a  
memorandum which he has had prepared  
by Treasury officials for the information  
of the Cabinet, is understood to contain  
in skeleton form a plan which experts  
believe would produce several millions  
annually. The memorandum also con-  
tains a statement of the general prin-  
ciples of the case as affecting the  
legalisation of betting.

It is known that certain Ministers are  
opposed to any taxation scheme on moral  
grounds. The leader of this section of  
opinion is said to be Sir William Joy-  
son-Hicks.

Three plans have been advocated, and  
it is understood that all of them have  
been examined from the actuarial, as  
well as from the administrative point  
of view by the Treasury. They are:—  
1. The licensing of bookmakers and the  
levying of a tax on turnover.  
2. Taxation by licence.

Of these the first is believed to be the  
one which experts have found likely to  
be most profitable. An important point  
urged in regard to it which it is under-  
stood has appealed strongly to Mr.  
Churchill is that in addition to the  
revenue which will be directly provided  
by the betting tax, the disclosures of  
books and accounts will reveal much in-  
formation at present hidden from the  
income tax authorities, and the conse-  
quence will be an addition to the income  
tax returns.

**WIRELESS ON TRAINS.**

**GREAT WESTERN EXPERIMENT.**

A further interesting experiment in  
wireless reception on a moving train was  
tried by the Great Western Railway  
Company recently with gratifying re-  
sults. An Eddystone Brandt's ser-  
vice instrument was installed on the  
Cornish Riviera express leaving Pad-  
dington at 10.30 a.m. This train runs  
without a stop from London to Ply-  
mouth, a distance of 226 miles, the longest  
non-stop railway express journey in the  
world.

The receiving instrument, with merely  
a frame aerial, placed in a first-class  
compartment, operated five loud speakers  
in the dining-cars and twenty head-  
phones. On the outward journey a cer-  
tain amount of interference by induction  
was experienced owing to the working  
of the dynamo underneath the carriage  
used for the generation of the electric  
light. By a mechanical adjustment dur-  
ing the homeward run this was complet-  
ely eliminated, and reception was of the  
most perfect character. The speed of the  
train made no difference whatever to the  
clarity of tone, but it was noticeable that  
there was considerable fading as the train  
passed through a tunnel. For instance,  
Miss Mavis Bennett, singing in London,  
was picked up through Darenty, while  
the homeward-bound train was at Brent.  
The voice was perfectly clear until Brent  
tunnel was reached, when it gradually  
died away, only to come again in full  
volume as the tunnel was cleared. Later  
Paris and Aberdeen were tuned in with  
perfect results.

This attempt to instal wireless for the  
benefit of railway travellers on a long  
journey is yet purely in an experimental  
stage, and the Great Western Company  
have no present intention of permanently  
equipping their trains with receiving  
sets. The experiment, however, shows  
that there are no serious engineering  
difficulties to be overcome, and wireless  
on trains may be effective at any time  
if there is a serious demand for it.

**TRADE MARK FRAUDS.**

**SIR P. CUNLIFFELISTER'S BILL.**

The text of the Imperial Government's  
Merchandise Marks Bill, which was pre-  
sented in the House of Commons recently  
by Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister, has been  
issued.

It proposes to make it illegal "to sell,  
expose for sale, or distribute by way of  
advertisement" in this country, any im-  
ported goods bearing the name or trade  
mark of a British manufacturer or  
trader without an indication of the coun-  
try of origin.

Power is also to be taken to require  
indication of origin in the case of certain  
classes of imported goods, including food.  
"Imported goods" will not include  
goods which undergo substantial change  
by reason of a manufacturing process  
applied to them in this country, or goods  
produced in the Channel Islands or  
Ireland.

"Indication of origin" means that  
the importer has the option of using the  
words "foreign manufacture" or "for-  
eign produce," or in the case of goods  
manufactured or produced in the Do-  
minions, outside the United Kingdom,  
the words "Empire manufacture" or  
"Empire produce."

**HONGKONG STOCK EXCHANGE.**  
CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

| APRIL 7TH, 1926.        |                  |
|-------------------------|------------------|
| Hongkong Bank           | \$1,055 buy.     |
| Do. London              | \$215 nom.       |
| Chartered Bank          | \$214 nom.       |
| Morrells Bank A. & B.   | \$230 buy.       |
| Do. C.                  | \$214 buy.       |
| P. & O. Bank            | \$214 nom.       |
| East Asia Bank          | \$214 buy.       |
| Canton Insurance        | \$825 buy.       |
| China Underwriters      | \$150 buy.       |
| North China Insurance   | \$115 nom.       |
| Union Insurance         | \$381 buy.       |
| Yangtze Insurance       | \$40 nom.        |
| China Fire Insurance    | \$170 buy.       |
| Hongkong Fire Insurance | \$350 buy.       |
| Donghai                 | \$35 nom.        |
| H.K. & M. Steamboats    | \$141 buy.       |
| Hongkong Tugs           | \$34 nom.        |
| Indo-China (Prof.)      | \$38 nom.        |
| Do. (Def.)              | \$40 nom.        |
| Shell Transport         | \$77 buy.        |
| Star Lines              | \$63 buy.        |
| Waterboats              | \$15 nom.        |
| Oriental Navigations    | \$250 nom.       |
| China Sugar             | \$32 nom.        |
| Malayan Sugar           | \$12 nom.        |
| Benguet                 | \$12 nom.        |
| Kailan Mining Ad.       | \$47 buy.        |
| Langkate (combined)     | \$124 buy.       |
| Do. (single)            | \$124 buy.       |
| Shanghai Explorations   | \$15.50 buy.     |
| Shanghai Loans          | \$15.50 buy.     |
| Bank                    | \$11 buy.        |
| French Mines            | \$11 buy.        |
| Ural Caspian            | \$11 buy.        |
| H.K. & K. Wharves       | \$131 buy.       |
| H.K. & W. Docks         | \$60 nom.        |
| Hongkong                | \$124 buy.       |
| New Engineering         | \$150 buy.       |
| Shanghai Docks          | \$106 buy.       |
| H.K. & S. Hotels        | \$10 buy. & sa.  |
| Hongkong Lands          | \$87 nom.        |
| Hongkong Realty (a.p.)  | \$8 buy.         |
| H.K. Territorial (a.p.) | \$55 nom.        |
| Humphreys Estates       | \$15 buy.        |
| Prince's Buildings      | \$7 nom.         |
| Rural Lands             | \$104 buy.       |
| Ewo Cottons             | \$104 buy.       |
| Oriental                | \$104 buy.       |
| Shanghai Cottons (old)  | \$15 nom.        |
| Do. (new)               | \$15 nom.        |
| Amusements              | \$111 buy.       |
| Canton Loan             | \$77 nom.        |
| Genus (combined)        | \$154 buy.       |
| Do. (new)               | \$154 buy.       |
| China Buses             | \$10 sel.        |
| China Lights (combined) | \$21 buy.        |
| Do. (old)               | \$15 buy.        |
| Do. (new)               | \$111 sel.       |
| China Provident         | \$7 sel.         |
| Constructions           | \$22 sel.        |
| Dairy Farms             | \$20 nom.        |
| Der A. Wing (a.p.)      | \$10 nom.        |
| Hongkong Electric       | \$64 sel. 64 sa. |
| Macao Electric          | \$40 nom.        |
| H.K. Developments       | \$25 cts nom.    |
| H.K. Bopes (combined)   | \$30 sel.        |
| Do. (old)               | \$10 nom.        |
| Do. (new)               | \$5 nom.         |
| Hongkong Tramways       | \$25 sa.         |
| Lane Crawfords          | \$12 buy. 12 sa. |
| Mackintosh              | \$21 nom.        |
| Peak (old)              | \$17 buy.        |
| Do. (new)               | \$77 buy.        |
| Sinceres                | \$11 nom.        |
| Taxis                   | \$4 sel.         |
| United Asbestos         | \$20 nom.        |
| Watsons (old)           | \$12 buy.        |
| Wm. Powells             | \$10 nom.        |
| Singapore Tractions     | \$3 sel.         |

**EXCHANGE RATES.**

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

| Receiv. April 8th.                      |          |
|-----------------------------------------|----------|
| To-day's exchange rates are as follows: |          |
| Paris                                   | 140      |
| Brussels                                | 131      |
| Amsterdam                               | 12.12    |
| Berlin                                  | 20.42    |
| Copenhagen                              | 16.57    |
| Vienna                                  | 34.45    |
| Yokohama                                | 1/102    |
| Helsingfors                             | 193      |
| Shanghai                                | 2/11     |
| Lisbon                                  | 2        |
| Bombay                                  | 1/6      |
| Buenos Aires                            | 44       |
| New York                                | 4.86     |
| Geneva                                  | 25.24    |
| Milan                                   | 121      |
| Stockholm                               | 18.12    |
| Oslo                                    | 22.66    |
| Prague                                  | 104      |
| Madrid                                  | 34.41    |
| Hongkong                                | 2/3      |
| Rio                                     | 7        |
| Silver (forward)                        | 19.15/16 |

**"LIVELINESS" AT A MEETING.**

**WOMAN SHAREHOLDER WISHES  
SHE WERE A DIRECTOR.**

Following the speech of Sir Guy  
Granet at the annual meeting of the  
L.M.S. Railway, a shareholder welcomed  
the appointment of Sir Josiah Stamp  
as president of the executive and hoped  
his appointment would result in many  
economies. As less work would now fall  
on the Board the shareholders suggested  
that the other directors' salaries should  
be reduced in order to pay the salary of  
the new appointment.

Miss Budge, a shareholder, said she  
hoped the shareholders had not all swal-  
lowed "the sleeping draught" adminis-  
tered that morning. The idea seemed to  
have got abroad that a railway company  
was a philanthropic society for the  
benefit of the general public.

"Let's get down to tinkacks and real  
business," she said. "The first interest  
should be that of the shareholders, next  
the directors and third the workers, or  
as some people call them, the shirkers."  
(Cries of "Oh" and laughter.)

"Yes," the speaker retorted; "I know  
of many instances where men do two  
hours of work a day instead of eight,  
then go to the pictures."

"It is easy to talk from the 'other  
side of the table,'" she continued. "What  
are your directors doing?"

"Why aren't you with them?" cried  
a shareholder.

"I wish I were. You would get a  
better dividend," she replied.



TO-DAY Till SATURDAY, April 8th to 10th,  
At 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15.

**METRO-GOLDWYN**  
PRESENTS

**BUSTER KEATON**

IN

**"THE NAVIGATOR."**

ONE OF THE JOLLIEST COMEDIES  
EVER SCREENED.

At 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15

**REAMS**

THE FAMOUS TRICK CYCLIST  
WILL GIVE A SHORT DISPLAY.

**THE STAR**

TO-DAY at 5.30 & 9.15

FAY COMPTON and JACK  
BUCHANAN in  
"THE HAPP' ENDING."

**THE WORLD**

TO-DAY at 5.15 & 9.15

PERCY MARMONT  
in  
"A WOMAN'S FAITH"

**INVESTMENTS.**

WE BUY—

Wharves  
Watsons  
Hotels  
Ferries  
Dairy Farms

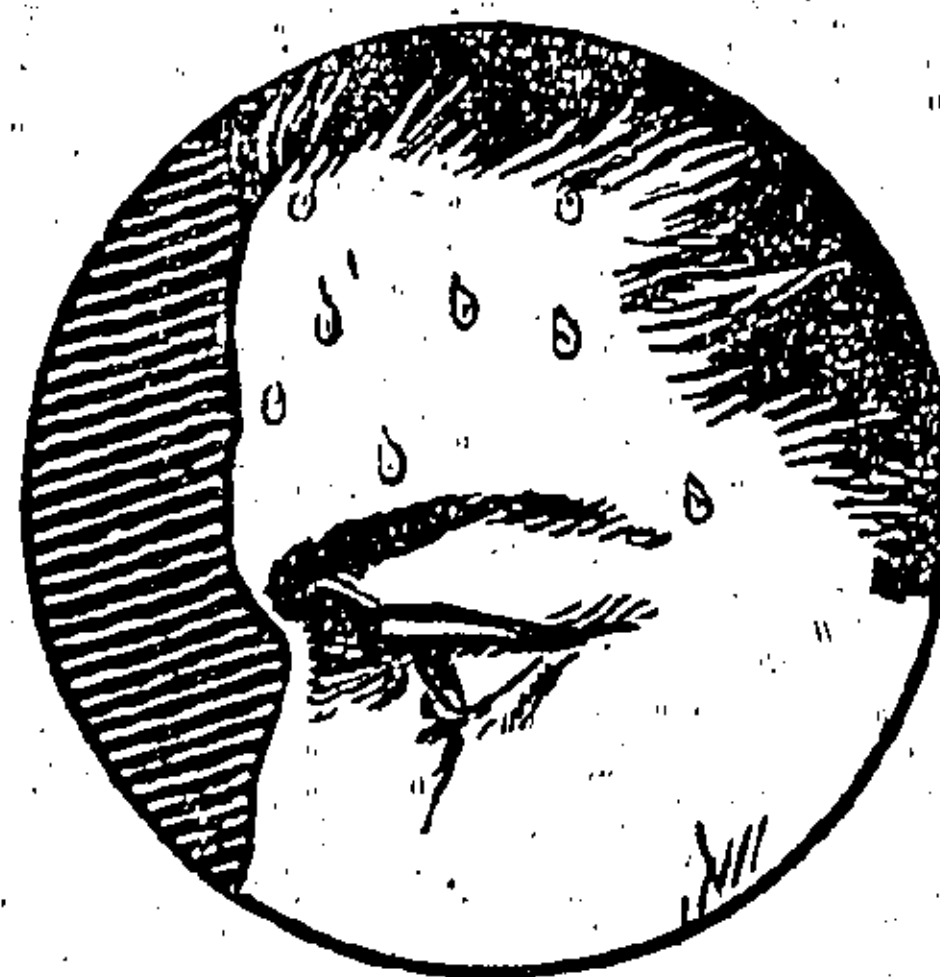
New Engineers  
Hong. Banks  
Malakoff  
Steamboats  
James, Jerrams

WE SELL—

Hkong. Amusements  
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Ferries  
Lane, Crawfords  
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Constructions  
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No Lot Too Small No Lot Too Large.  
**HONGKONG SMALL INVESTORS SHARE & REAL ESTATE CO.**  
Tel. 4630. 10, Des Voeux Road. 125



**Excessive perspiration is  
a sign of weakness**

Not, of course, the perspiration due to heavy exertion  
or heat, but the "Cold perspiration" and night sweats  
which accompany weakening diseases, such as Tuber-  
culosis. These night sweats are not only a sign of weak-  
ness, but they also weaken the body. To conquer  
this weakness you should build up your forces right from  
the core by strengthening the body-cells with calcium,  
their vital constituent. Kalzana will do this for you.

Kalzana tablets contain calcium in a special chemical com-  
bination, which causes the calcium to be readily absorbed by  
the body and retained. The strengthening influence of Kalzana  
will be noticed even after a few days by a lessening of night sweats.

In Tuberculosis. The strengthening effect of Kalzana is of  
special importance in Tuberculosis. The fortified cells are  
more easily able to resist the attacks of the bacilli, while an  
excessive content of calcium in the organism causes calcium  
to be deposited in and around the infected places in the  
lungs, by which process the bacilli are "caged in" so that  
they can do no further harm.

Strengthen your body by strengthening its cells with

**Kalzana**  
THE CALCIUM FOOD

Your doctor heals—Kalzana strengthens.

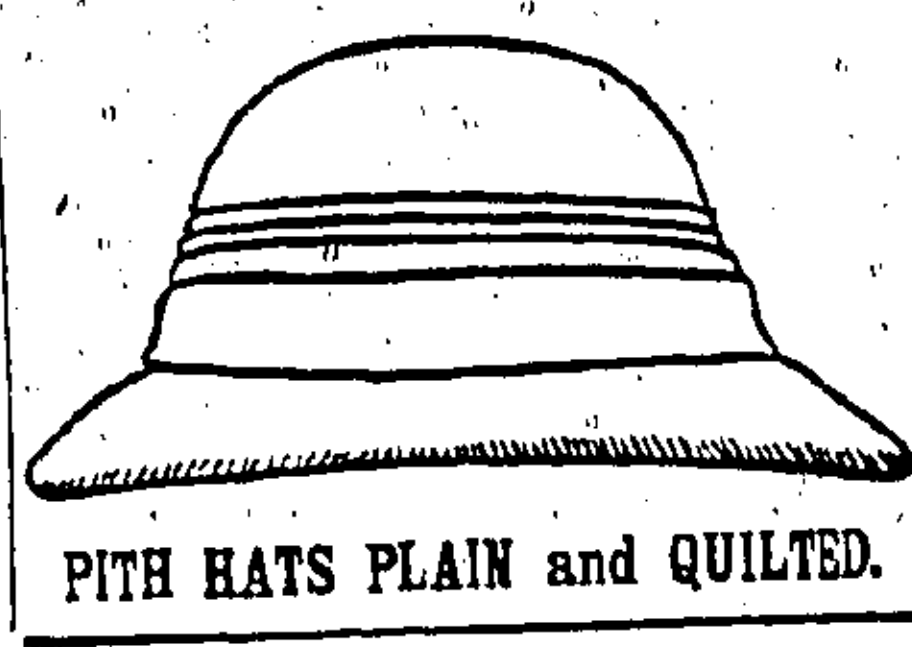
Made by the Manufacturers of Sanatogen and Formamin.  
Sold at all chemists and stores.



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HAWKES SUN HATS.



PITH HATS PLAIN and QUILTED.

SINGLE and DOUBLE TERAI HATS. STRAW HATS.

WE ALLOW 10% DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

MACKINTOSH &amp; Co., Ltd.

MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS.

Alexandra Building.

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## DAIRY FARM NEWS.

We are pleased to announce that we have received another shipment of

STEWARTS CANADIAN HAMS.

PRICE REDUCED TO

80 Cents per lb.

THE DAIRY FARM, ICE &amp; COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.

By Appointment **GENERAL ACCIDENT, FIRE & LIFE ASSURANCE CORPORATION, LTD.** By Appointment

FOR A SINGLE PAYMENT!

WHOLE LIFE, Railway, Tramway and Steamship Insurance.

Valid throughout the World.

Obtainable By the Single Payment of an Exceptionally Reasonable Premium.

Agents:

JAMES H. BACKHOUSE, LTD.

1A, CHATER ROAD (3RD FLOOR).

A.P.B.

"GREATER than RUST"

Wilkinson's

ANTICORROSIVE

Ready Mixed Paints

for Every Description of Iron and Steel Work

Large Stocks kept of Two Shades each

RED AND GREY

Specify

Wilkinson, Heywood & Clark's PAINTS

Agents:

S. C. LAY &amp; Co.,

Alexandra Building

Telephone Central 768.

## LOCAL SPORT.

## FOOTBALL.

## SOUTH CHINA BEAT SHANGHAI PORTUGUESE.

South China and a combined team chosen from the Portuguese Interport players, met on the H.K.F.C. ground yesterday afternoon, and the game ended in a win for South China by the odd goal in three. Long before the advertised time for kicking off, the goal ends of the ground were packed with Chinese while the slopes on Loughlin Hill were scudded with Chinese and several house-tops overlooking the playing field had their quota of spectators, anxious to get a look at the South China team.

Leung Yuk Tong was absent from South China and Lam Yuk Ying was captain. The teams received a good reception on taking the field.

South China were early attacking and Suen tested Allanson with several fine shots, but the goalie dealt successfully with them. The Portuguese forwards could not settle down, and Lam Yuk Ying had a merry time. Allanson stopped a shot from Suen Kum Shun and cleared, but Ko Sik Wai was penalised for charging the goalie when not playing the ball.

It was nearing the interval when the first goal was scored. Chan Kwong Lu was sent down the wing and he slipped the ball to Suen Kum Shun who worked to a nice position before sending the ball into the net with a well placed shot. Allanson had no chance to stop.

Marvel taking a free kick just outside the penalty area sent through the legs of a crowd of players but luckily for South China the ball hit the foot of the post and bounced well clear. Another free kick near the half-way line for Portugal was cleared by Lai Yuk Tat. South China went further ahead when Suen gave the ball to Leung Wing Tak who beat Allanson with a left footed shot. Half-time: South China, 2; Portugal, 0.

Portugal made a couple of changes in their side on resuming. Ogley going forward to lead the attack, while Marcel dropped back to partner H. Favacho.

A dash by the Portuguese forwards found them close in, but failed to finish. B. Favacho sent in wide and A. A. Remedios sent over the bar from long range. Brown got well down on the left before he centered and Rocha dropping the ball in the goalmouth. Fuertes dashed up and breasted the ball into the net with Lau Hing Cheung helpless.

Suen Kum Shun was not so good in the second half, being several times pulled up for offside. Lau punched away a shot from Rocha and a free kick against Choi Ping Fan close in was cleared by Lam Yuk Ying. South China forced two corners in succession. Marshal clearing from the second flag kick. Ogley shot hard at Lau and the ball rebounded for a corner.

A scramble in the goalmouth followed, and Lau was on the ground near the post when Ogley lifted the ball over the bar, but the whistle had sounded for impeding. Brown raced down the wing, but his centre went behind. Lo Wai Man handled, but cleared the free kick at the expense of a corner. Rocha headed over the bar following the flag kick. Ko Sik Wai received from the goal kick and ran well down before shooting but the ball went straight at Allanson who cleared. Fuertes got away on two occasions, but sent the ball into the side of the net. When the final whistle sounded, South China were leading by two goals to one.

The game was well contested throughout, but South China showed the better combination and deserved their win.

The teams: Portugal—Allanson; H. Favacho and Ogley; C. Remedios; A. A. Remedios and C. Favacho; B. Favacho, Fuertes, Marcel, Rocha and Brown. South China—Lau Hing Cheung; Lai Yuk Tat and Chan So; Lo Wei Man, Lam Yuk Ying and Choi Ping Fan; Ko Sik Wai, In Kau, Leung Wing Tak, Suen Kum Shun and Chan Kwong Lu. Referee: Mr. Smith R.A. Linesmen Messrs. Fernie and Perman.

## EASTER GOLF.

## FANLING COMPETITIONS.

## SPECIAL MEDAL ROUND.

A. B. Raworth..... 84—11=73 1st prize.  
A. Leach..... 88—11=77 2nd prize.  
F. J. de Rome..... 86—11=75 3rd prize.  
W. L. Plew..... 91—13=78 (33 entries).

## CAPTAIN'S CUP.

A. B. Raworth..... 85—11=74 qualifies. (31 entries).

## RUNNING BOGEY POOL.

A. H. Ferguson (4)..... 2 up; divide.  
Other scores:  
L. R. Andrews (5)..... 1 down (twice).  
W. L. Plew (13)..... 2 down.  
A. Leach (11)..... 2 down. (74 entries).

## MIXED BOGEY FOURSOMES.

Miss Dyer and Comdr. Thacker..... 4 down. (10 pairs entered).

## SHANGHAI FOURSOMES.

Cancelled.

## "TREVESSA" TROPHY RACE.

The fifth bi-annual race for ship's life-boats for the "Trevessa" Trophy, is to be sailed on Wednesday, April 21st, starting at 4 p.m. Each ship may enter any number of boats.

The course will be as under:—Start from Channel Rocks, to Kowloon Rock (P), Mark off Yacht Club (S), Cust Rock Gas Buoy (P). Finish at the Yacht Club across a line West to East.

Ships proposing to enter boats are requested to notify the Hon. Secretary of the Royal Hongkong Yacht Club (Mr. F. Oliver) not later than April 20th.

## LOCAL SPORT.

## LAWN TENNIS.

## ANOTHER UPSET IN THE TOURNAMENT.

Not discouraged after losing the first two sets, the Fincher Brothers steadily struggled and eventually gained a very creditable victory over Ho Ka Lau and Yew Man Tsun, one of the most formidable pairs in the tournament. The result adds one more to the long list of upsets in the championships and will, undoubtedly, reflect favourably upon the standard of the matches in the later rounds.

On the run of play yesterday the Finchers fully deserved their win. Pitched against two opponents whose reputation in standard and experience are above theirs, the Finchers seemed on the verge of sure defeat when they lost the second set at 1-6. P. Fincher, the older and better, failed to find his form in the first two sets, but when settled played a turning game and was instrumental in turning the favour of the game to his side by deadly smashing and good volleying. He was well supported by his brother, although at times the latter was rather excited and uncertain. The younger Fincher shows signs of developing into a good match player.

Ho Ka Lau and Yew Man Tsun failed to bring home victory with all the cards in their hands. If they had pressed the game on the Finchers in the third set instead of playing a steady and sometimes lugging game which their opponents welcomed, the match would probably have ended three sets to love in their favour. Yew Man Tsun played a very good game throughout, but his partner appeared to have lost confidence, and did not play up to his form of last year.

The Finchers improved after losing the opening two sets and gained the upper hand in the third and fourth sets, which they won by letter net play and steadier base line tactics, putting all the high ones over Yew who, in his singular style, cannot smash. The fifth and final set was the best of the match and some excellent rallies were seen. The Finchers led 3-1, but were caught up by the Chinese who, however, failed to make good their splendid recovery and lost the set at 5-7.

On another court, S. A. Rumjahn earned his way to the third round of the Open Singles by beating R. M. Henderson in straight sets. The loser put up a very good performance as the score indicated, and led three games to love in the third set.

Several other matches were also played off yesterday, the full results of which appear below:—

OPEN SINGLES.—S. A. Rumjahn beat R. M. Henderson, 6-3, 6-4, 6-4.

OPEN DOUBLES.—E. F. Fincher and E. C. Fincher beat Ho Ka Lau and Yew Man Tsun, 4-6, 1-6, 6-4, 6-3, 7-5.

CLUB SINGLES.—G. W. Sewell beat E. Grimble, 6-4, 7-5, 6-3, 7-5.

HANDICAP SINGLES "A".—Col. Russell Brown (owe 13/8) beat H. J. Armstrong (scr.), 10-6, 6-3; L. Foster (owe 15) beat Major C. Willson (owe 2/8), 6-3, 6-2; D. J. Valentine (rec. 1/8) beat J. A. Summers (scr.), 8-2, 6-3.

HANDICAP SINGLES "B".—E. J. R. Mitchell (owe 5/8) beat G. van Egmond (scr.), 11-9, 8-6.

HANDICAP DOUBLES.—F. J. Price and E. R. Price (rec. 2/8) w.o. from A. Buys and V. Rose; L. Foster and R. E. Tottenham (owe 30) w.o. from S. M. Garrard and L. P. Ralph.

## MATCHES FOR TO-DAY.

OPEN SINGLES.—J. A. Cassanuboy v. E. C. Fincher; K. Mawatari v. H. R. Conway.

OPEN DOUBLES.—Major Pratt and Major Stevenson v. E. de Sousa and F. Ribeiro.

HANDICAP SINGLES "B".—A. K. MacKenzie (owe 5/8) v. P. W. Greene (rec. 3/8); R. O. Sutherland (scr.) v. M. Rose (rec. 15); T. J. Price (scr.) v. W. J. Dunbar (scr.).

HANDICAP DOUBLES.—W. B. Cornaby and A. Finery (owe 2/8) v. G. W. Sewell and E. J. R. Mitchell (owe 3/8); E. Grimble and R. Hancock (owe 15/8) v. J. Newton and J. C. Broome (owe 15).

MIXED DOUBLES.—H. W. Fitzroy Williams and Mrs. Williams (rec. 4/8) v. H. Owen Hughes and Miss Chapple (owe 4/8).

## MR. GREENHILL'S DEPARTURE.

Mr. L. S. Greenhill, the hard working Hon. Secretary of the Hongkong Cricket Club, will be leaving the Colony for Europe next Friday week. During his absence, Mr. J. D. Humphreys will be acting Hon. Secretary. Tennis players and enthusiasts will always remember Mr. Greenhill's valuable services and will no doubt join together in wishing him "bon voyage" and a pleasant holiday.

## HOCKEY INTERPORTERS.

## VICTORIES AT AMOY.

The Hongkong Hockey team, which went to Amoy last week, returned by the a.s. *Fook Sang* yesterday. They played two hockey games and one soccer game and were victorious in each.

The team arrived in Amoy two men short, but were able to make up their eleven by the inclusion of Capt. Green of the *Indian Police Force*.

Hongkong won the first game by 6-2. Lieut. Jacob Larkcom scoring all the goals.

In the second game Hongkong triumphed by 9-3. The scorers for Hongkong were: Price (2), D. Lyon (2), Lt. Jacob Larkcom, S. H. Garrod, Capt. Haigh, and Garrod (one each).

Hongkong won the soccer game by 3 goals to 1. Price scored two goals, and the other was scored by Lieut. Smith.

The team spoke highly of the hospitality of the Amoy people, and state that Amoy is very keen on a Hongkong tennis team visiting them.

## KOWLOON BOWLING GREEN CLUB.

## ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF MEMBERS.

## CLUB TO BE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY.

The annual general meeting of members of the Kowloon Bowling Green Club was held yesterday evening, when the President, Mr. P. T. Farrell, presided.

The CHAIRMAN, in moving the adoption of the annual report and statement of accounts, said that considering the troublous times they had experienced during the second half of the year, the finances had been entirely satisfactory, there being a balance of \$915.99. During the year \$2,000 had been spent on repairs and renovations and \$100 in architect's fees in connection with the Club House.

There had been 42 new members during the year, a certain sign that the popularity of the Club was increasing. He, however, regretted to say that during the year five of their most respected members had died.

The CHAIRMAN also referred to the increased interest taken in tennis and bowls during the year, and thanked Messrs. C. Bond, D. Keith, Duncan and Whitley for their help in connection with the Club House.

Mr. J. S. McIntosh seconded the adoption of the report and statement of accounts, and the vote was carried unanimously.

The report and statement of accounts have already appeared in the *Daily Press*.

It was resolved on the proposition of Mr. C. Bond, seconded by Mr. D. HAZEL, to grant honoraria of \$200 to the secretary and treasurer for the coming year.

## OFFICE MATTERS AND COMMITTEE.

Mr. J. S. McIntosh was elected President for the year. In proposing his election, the CHAIRMAN said that Mr. McIntosh was a very keen bowler and a very keen member of the Club, and he was sure that he would carry out his duties to the satisfaction of the members.

Mr. McIntosh thanked the members for the honour they had done him in electing him to the post. He would do his best for the furtherance of the Club, and he hoped they would have another successful year. (Cheers.)

Mr. C. Bond was elected vice-president; Mr. W. M. Johnston hon. secretary, and Mr. R. Lapsley was re-elected hon. treasurer.

The CHAIRMAN proposed that Mr. David Harvey be elected a life member of the Club. Mr. A. J. ALLISON seconded.

Mr. LAPSLEY said the work which Mr. Harvey had done for the Club entitled him to be made a life member.

Mr. HARVEY thanked the members and said that the Club had been very dear to him for the last 25 years. He considered it a great honour to be a life member of one of the oldest clubs in the Colony. (Cheers.)

The following were elected "on the General Committee: Messrs. W. Russell, L. Guy, D. Gow, D. Hazel, G. Duncan, A. R. Whitley, and H. Nish.

Messrs. C. Nash, J. Fraser, J. C. Melaggan, S. Gray, J. B. Hamilton, and the Rev. J. Horace Johnstone were elected on the balloting committee.

## PRIZES FOR THE SEASON.

The following promised prizes for the season:—Messrs. B. Wylie, H. Nish, D. Harvey, Capt. B. Branch, L. Guy, W. A. Russell, G. Price, W. A. Russell (tennis), J. Linaker (tennis), C. Ewins (tennis), Macfarlane, (bowls); P. T. Farrell; A. R. Whitley (Kentish Cup); Rev. J. Horace Johnstone (bowls); J. M. Jack, and W. Russell (Galloway Cup); C. Bond, R. E. Nicholls, and C. Hatt, (Canningtown Cup); D. Hazel, (Dundee Cup); W. Macintosh (Clyde Cup); Mr. Frazer (Tyneside Cup). It was also decided to open a subscription list.

## THE NEW PAVILION.

The CHAIRMAN called upon Mr. B. Wylie, the Hon. Secretary, to report on the work done by the Committee in connection with the New Pavilion.

Mr. WYLIE said that the building of the New Pavilion was perhaps the biggest thing which the Club had undertaken. Just a week after they had the extraordinary general meeting when they decided to have a new building, the strike and subsequently the boycott broke out and to a certain extent eclipsed all talk of a new pavilion. However, the general committee had not lost grip, and through the first few weeks of the strike they continued to get into touch with the architects. Final plans were made, and after usual delay, customary on the part of the building authority they were passed. Plans for the sanitation of the proposed Club were also decided upon.

(Continued on next column.)

## KOWLOON GOLF CLUB.

## NO REDUCTION IN MEMBERSHIP FEES.

The second annual general meeting of the Kowloon Golf Club was held at the Central British School, Kowloon, yesterday evening, when Mr. E. Cock presided.

Mr. K. S. ROBERTSON proposed the adoption of the report and the statement of accounts. Mr. T. E. Jones seconded, and the vote was carried unanimously.

The CHAIRMAN mentioned that it was considered that the present subscription was too high. It was also felt that the paying of monthly subscriptions gave a deal of unnecessary work to the treasurer, and he was sure that members would not object to paying once every half year. The committee would very much like to lower the subscription this year, but they could not do so as they would like because they would have to spend some money on the course.

It was decided not to lower the former membership fees.

It was decided to instal a telephone in the Club House.

## NEW OFFICIALS.

Mr. S. J. JORDAN proposed the re-election of Mr. Cock as president for the ensuing year. The vote was carried unanimously.

Mr. G. B. Labrum was elected vice-president; Mr. J. D. Thomson, captain; Mr. W. Alltree, treasurer, and Mr. J. O. McLaggan, secretary. The following were elected on the committee: Messrs. A. W. Roberts, K. S. Robertson, A. C. Burford, J. W. Trevor and A. Brown.

At the conclusion of the meeting, a vote of thanks was proposed to the Chairman.

in accordance with the rules of the Sanitary Board as passed.

They were pushing uphill, and last October the Committee had seriously to consider as to whether they had money to start the building. Times had changed from June to November and money had become tight owing to the strike and boycott. The Committee, therefore, decided that the money was forthcoming and circulars were sent to the members for the collection of debentures which ordinarily would have been collected on January 1st. The result of that call had been very satisfactory. The situation at the moment was that they had a certain amount of money in respect of debentures, but they had not yet issued them, but interest of 6 per cent. per annum would be paid. When it came to the question of issuing the debentures it was found that in such a Club as theirs it was not so easy to do so, as in the past when the Club had started when there were only a handful of members. Relatively speaking, the Club was a big one now, and the Committee had been advised to form the Club into a limited liability company.

Continuing, he said that he would like to see every member, in a sense, a shareholder in the Club. The tender for the new pavilion had been in the hands of the building sub-committee for some time and they were now going into specifications and it was likely that the erecting would begin next month. Many clubs in the Colony including the Kowloon Golf Club, the Yacht Club and the Lusitano Club were limited liability companies, and he felt that for the purpose of issuing debentures and for the better governance of the Club that they should do likewise. He, therefore, proposed that the Club should be formed into a limited liability company.

Mr. D. Gow seconded the proposition, and it was carried unanimously.

Mr. R. RAPELEY, the hon. treasurer, said that they had actually received \$7,550, which was equivalent to 151 debentures. They had been promised 76 more which would be about \$3,900, making a gross total of \$11,350. They had 400 debentures to put out and as yet only 227 had been taken up.

## AN APPEAL.

Mr. WYLIE said that \$11,600 was the amount received, but they at least wanted \$15,000, and at the last committee meeting they had said that they were prepared to go to \$20,000. He appealed to the members to take up as many debentures as they possibly could. They would have a fair interest at 6 per cent., and those who loved the Club would not only make a very good investment, but also encourage sport in general in Kowloon. The debentures already taken up had been taken by 38 members out of a possible 200. In conclusion he again appealed to the members to take up as many debentures as they were able to.

Mr. C. Bond proposed a vote of thanks to the outgoing committee, and particularly to Mr. Wylie, on whom he said the onus of the work had fallen during the year. The vote was carried with acclamation.



# WU PEI FU AND CANTON. ALLEGED BRIBERY OF TROOPS AT SWATOW.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

It is reported from Canton that some of the troop commanders and their men in Swatow have been bought by agents of Marshal Wu Pei Fu, the Yangtze War Lord, who is now aiming not only at Peking, but at Canton also, deeming that his intention to unify China by force can never be realized unless he can control Canton. In the meantime, Canton has warned all Kuomintang troops in Swatow to be on their guard against possible disaffection.

# UNION-AND DISUNION. FRACAS AT A STUDENTS' DELEGATES MEETING.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

Like certain other organisations, the Canton Students' Union, composed of delegates from the many schools in Canton, has been divided into Red and anti-Red camps lately, and at a committee meeting in the Kwangtung University, on April 4th, a fight among the delegates brought in several police detectives who were, in turn, attacked by the excited crowd. Finally a larger police force restored order, and the meeting, on re-assembling, promptly expelled 14 of its members.

# TAXING AERATED WATERS AT CANTON.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

The aerated water stamp duty in Canton, ranging from one-half of a cent to two cents on each bottle, suspended during last winter, will be renewed, according to an order issued on April 2nd by Mr. T. V. Soong, Minister of Kuomintang Finance. To avoid complication and protest from foreign merchants who are chiefly interested in the sale of aerated waters, the duty will be collected as an "inspection fee" in accordance with the Health Regulations.

# CHING MING FESTIVAL. CHINESE FROM MACAO ARRESTED BY STRIKE PICKETS.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

On the Ching Ming festival, April 4th, a number of Chinese from Macao went to inspect their ancestral tombs in Chinshan, Chinese territory; and among those arrested by strike pickets were two Chinese connected with the Macao (Portuguese) Police Department, says the vernacular press.

# LINKING UP PEKING AND CANTON. A USE FOR INDEMNITY FUNDS.

In connection with Lord Willingdon's visit to Hankow, the *Hankow Herald* writes regarding the disposal of the British portion of the Boxer Indemnity: Preponderance of Chinese opinion will most certainly be found heavily in favour of the motor road and railway plan. Provided that the railway and motor road plan is carried, the next question which would confront those concerned with the disposition of these funds is the determination of which districts are to be favoured. It would seem logical that the completion of the Yueh-Han line would be of first importance, since it requires but 275 additional miles of railway below Changsha effectually to link by rail the cities of Peking and Canton—the far north with the extreme south of China, which incidentally, would create speedy transportation between Peking and the British colony of Hongkong as well.

# CORRESPONDENCE.

"STAR" FERRIES AND CANVAS.  
[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS"]

Sir,—Re Canvas: In the M.G.C. Manchester Year Book for 1921 page LVII, Thomas Briggs (Manchester), Ltd., 21, Major Street, Manchester, advertise as makers of "Canvas" (Cotton, Flax and Hemp).—Yours sincerely,  
E. C. THOMAS.

# QUARRY FATALITY. SAFETY ROPE NOT USED. OMISSION LEADS TO WORKER'S DEATH.

The omission to tie a safety rope around his waist while engaged in loosening a piece of rock was shown to be the cause of the death of a Chinese quarryman, at an inquest held at the Central Magistracy yesterday. The man was employed at the Government Quarry at North Point, and met his death on the morning of March 21st, through falling from the place where he was working and a number of rocks and stones falling on him, inflicting severe injuries.

Mr. R. E. Lindsell, sat as a Coroner, with a jury.

The Coroner pointed out that the evidence showed clearly that the man's death was accidental.

Evidence given by Dr. E. P. Minett, Government Bacteriologist and Officer in charge of Mortuaries, was that a post-mortem examination had revealed that the man had received multiple injuries, including a fractured skull, and many other injuries, all more or less serious.

# SAFETY ROPE NOT USED.

Other evidence given by a quarry coolie, a Chinese fireman at the Government Quarry, and the European Overseer at North Point, was to the effect that the man was engaged about 7 a.m. in prizing away and loosening a large piece of stone in the face of the quarry.

For their own safety, the European witness stated, the quarrymen engaged on this sort of work were always instructed to tie a rope around their waist. In this event if the rock or ground on which they were standing gave, way they would be saved by the rope holding them. When he (the overseer) was present he always saw that the men tied the rope around them.

From the evidence given, it appears that the deceased did not tie the rope around him, and he lost his footing, through the rock slipping and fell to the ground. A shower of boulders fell on him.

The Coroner remarked that if he had known about the rule regarding the rope before he would not have held an inquest.

# FOREMAN TO BE CALLED.

The Foreman asked the European Overseer who was responsible for seeing the men tied the ropes around them when he was not present, and witness replied that the Chinese foreman who supervised the work of the quarry was responsible for seeing that the men working on the face of it were roped.

In view of the foreman who was on duty on the morning of the fatality not being in Court, the Coroner, who remarked that there appeared to be only one verdict possible, that of accidental death, adjourned the inquest until tomorrow at noon in order that the Chinese foreman could attend and give evidence regarding the matter of roping.

# POSSESSION OF ARMS.

TWO CHINESE SENT TO PRISON.

Two cases of unlawful possession of arms were tried by Mr. J. H. B. Nihill and Major C. Willson sitting together at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday afternoon.

In one case a Chinese, who was arrested in a Kowloon tea-shop, was charged with having in his possession a dagger, three coils of wire and a knife. He pleaded guilty, and said that he was given the dagger and wire by a friend in a tea-shop, but that as he was a fitter by trade he used the knife in the course of his work.

He was sentenced to three years' imprisonment with hard labour.

Another Chinese, who was arrested in the same tea-shop at the same time, was charged with having in his possession a revolver and eleven rounds of ammunition. This man also pleaded guilty, and said that the weapon and ammunition were given to him by the same man that gave the dagger and wire to his companion.

He was sent to prison for four years with hard labour.

# BRITISH SHIP DISCHARGES CARGO AT AMOY.

The China Navigation Co.'s steamer *Tehang* was able to discharge a cargo of bean cake at Amoy recently. This was the first cargo to be landed out of a British ship for many months. It appears that the argument used by the Chinese merchants with the strike pickets was that the cargo was a Chinese product and came from a Chinese port and it was for Chinese consumption.

# SANITARY DEPARTMENT PROSECUTION. MESSRS. SHEWAN, TOMES & CO. FINED.

The adjourned case in which Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co. were summoned by the Sanitary Department for having failed to keep two water closets in a proper condition, was again before Major C. Willson at the Central Magistracy yesterday.

Inspector J. Stinton said that according to the Ordinance, the defendants were the occupiers and the owners. One of the water closets was used by the import and export department of the firm, and the other by the staff of the China Underwriters. The defendant firm was described in the directory as general managers for the Hongkong Territorial Estates and the China Underwriters.

Mr. Wadson contended that the defendants were neither the owners nor the occupiers.

A fine of \$10 was imposed.

# TRUCULENT HAWKERS. EUROPEAN INSPECTORS ATTACKED.

Sanitary Inspector J. Hughes was the complainant in a case before Mr. Lindsell at the Central Magistracy yesterday when a Chinese stallholder, of Sookunpoo Market, was charged with disorderly conduct.

The Inspector stated, in evidence, that he was clearing away some hawkers from the market place, near Jardine Bazaar, on Tuesday, when they attacked him. One of the assailants had a knife and he snatched it from him. At the same time, defendant, who was in charge of a cooked-meat stall, picked up a stool, and indicated to the hawkers to pick up other stools. When the police came, he had defendant arrested.

Defendant stated that he was trying to collect the stools so that the crowd would not use them as weapons. A witness gave corroborative evidence.

Defendant was discharged.

# LEFT IN A RICKSHA. LOSS OF VALUABLE LACE.

The police received a report last evening from Mrs. Strassord, of Humphreys Buildings, Kowloon, concerning her loss of a parcel containing some valuable Swatow drawn lace work.

It appears that Mrs. Strassord took a ricksha from Humphreys Buildings to the Star Ferry wharf, and almost immediately after leaving the ricksha and entering the wharf she discovered her parcel containing 43 pieces of Swatow drawn lace work was missing.

On realising her loss, she at once proceeded to the entrance of the wharf where she had paid off the ricksha, but as might be expected the ricksha and coolie had disappeared.

The matter was reported to the police, but Mrs. Strassord did not know the number of the ricksha. The value of the lace was placed at just over \$50.

# FORMER HONGKONG LADY ROBBED.

JEWELLERY WORTH £3,000  
STOLEN.

Home papers contain a report of a burglary at "The Beeches," Egham, the residence of Captain and Mrs. H. A. Vine. Mrs. Vine was formerly the wife of the late Dr. G. P. Jordan, of Hongkong, and her present husband was formerly a Captain in the P. & O. service, for some years in command of the *Macedonia*.

It appears that the burglary was carried out during the height of a gale, the thief scaling a drainpipe and thus gaining entrance through the window of a bedroom.

Rooms were ransacked while Captain and Mrs. Vine and two servants were in the house. It is thought that the burglary was perpetrated about 8 p.m. while the occupants of the house were at dinner. The thief discovered a jewel case which had been secreted in a wardrobe.

A reward of £200 has been offered for information leading to the recovery of the missing property and the apprehension and conviction of the thief or thieves.

The articles stolen are stated to be:—Pair of diamond earrings, 17-stone diamond bracelet, diamond collet and bow necklace, diamond star pendant, 3-stone diamond bar brooch (middle stone heart shaped), 3-stone diamond ring, 5-stone diamond ring, diamond and cabuchon emerald ring, diamond peacock tail brooch, Masonic Charity Jewel (Dr. Jordan, 1902), diamond watch on platinum bracelet, pearl scarf pin, pearl brooch, two gold cigarette cases, and 64 other articles of jewellery.

The total value is put at about £3,000. The thief left untouched the silver in the bedrooms. The empty jewel case was subsequently found in the grounds of an adjoining house.

There was no clue as to the identity of the thief.

# MODERN EDUCATION. VICE-CHANCELLOR ON ITS MEANING AND VALUE. HELPFUL ADDRESS TO WAH YAN COLLEGE STUDENTS.

For the first time in Hongkong, Mr. W. W. Hornell, M.A., C.I.E., (Vice-Chancellor of the Hongkong University) has distributed prizes to students of a local school. This function he performed yesterday evening at the Theatre Royal on the occasion of the annual prize distribution of the Wah Yan College.

After distributing the various prizes and certificates, he addressed the students, and dealt with the importance, value and advantages of a modern education, asking them to come and take their share of it in order that they might be more fitted to take their place in life when they left their studies.

Mr. Kwan Man Wei (one of the students) presided and explained the nature of the proceedings to the large gathering of students, parents and friends which practically filled the Theatre. Among those present were the Rev. Father G. M. Spada and Mr. J. M. Alves.

Mr. Peter Tsui (the Headmaster) read his annual report which was published in our yesterday's issue.

# VICE-CHANCELLOR'S ADDRESS.

Following the distribution of prizes, etc., Mr. Hornell briefly addressed the gathering, and remarked that this was the first occasion on which he had been privileged to give away the prizes to a school in Hongkong, although there was a time when he was in India when he was frequently called upon to perform this function.

The Wah Yan College, continued the speaker, represented a very remarkable effort, in that their Director started it in 1919 with four boys whom he taught himself. It was now 1926, seven years afterwards and they had one school of 430 boys in Hongkong and one in Kowloon with 178 boys. He congratulated Mr. Tsui most heartily on the work he had done. He believed this had been good sound work, and he had a fine staff of teachers supporting him in it. The results at the last examination was proof of the excellence of the work done in the school, for these results had been quite remarkable. He knew it was customary to say that examination successes did not matter, but after all if they went in for an examination it was just as well to pass it. The Wah Yan College had sent eleven students to the University, and he hoped that Mr. Tsui's opinion that the number of students sent to the University would continue to increase each year would be borne out. The University of Hongkong wanted more boys from schools like this.

# PREPARATION FOR LIFE.

If it was suggested that a University education was not a proper preparation for life, continued Mr. Hornell, then students who went to the University would tend to take things luxuriously, and would leave not so well-fitted for employment as they might have been. Criticisms were made like this from time to time, and if it was a fact, but he did not believe it was, that the University did not provide a proper preparation for a start in life, then there was something wrong with the University which educated the students and with the students who came to it to receive that education.

# "MANNERS MAKE THE MAN."

After all, said the Vice-Chancellor, if education meant anything at all, it meant the bringing out of the best of everything within them. He tendered these students present one word of advice, and that was to strive for perfection in whatever they attempted to do. Giving them another word of advice, he said as Chinese they were inheritors of tradition and culture. He asked them to come and take their share in the modern education now being offered them. He did not want them to desert their traditional studies. That he considered would not be a right thing to do, but he did ask them to take advantage of a modern education as well. It was his endeavour to make the University of Hongkong an institution in which great importance would be attached to the study of Chinese. He had only been a short time in China, and therefore had had little or no time to gain experience of Chinese literature, but what he had learned was that the Chinese always attached the greatest importance to manners. That reminded him of the motto blazoned over the door of the most famous educational institutions in England "Manners maketh man." The better educated they became, concluded Mr. Hornell, the better their manners would become, and that would make for a stable relationship with their fellow men. Education was not meant to puff one up, but to introduce that element into their life which would serve with perfect freedom, and yet with perfect management in their relations with their fellow men. (Applause.)

Finally, Mr. Hornell congratulated headmaster, his staff, and the students on the success of the school and the results obtained, and assured them that in all their efforts which tended towards education they could always rely on the friendly co-operation of the University of which he was very proud to be the Vice-Chancellor. (Applause.)

# ENTERTAINMENT.

Following Mr. Hornell's address, an excellent entertainment was given. The varied programme included music by the C.A.M.A., Ju-jitsu, and gymnastic displays by Mr. Maurice's pupils; a recitation by Ng Tsun Fan; a violin solo by Chan Kam Hung; Chinese music, a Chinese play by the students and a display by Li Fu Yau.

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A.P.B.



## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

## THANKS.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. HOLYOAK and their daughters, Joyce and Dorothy, desire to convey cordial farewell greetings to their many friends in the Colony and sincerely thank for their kind enquiries concerning Mrs. HOLYOAK's health during her recent illness. [3414]

## NOTICE.

IN THE ESTATE OF LILIAN MARIE TAGGART LATE OF VICTORIA IN THE COLONY OF HONGKONG MARRIED WOMAN, DECEASED.

ALL Persons having Claims Against the Estate of the above named Deceased are Requested to Send Particulars forthwith to the Underigned.

## DEACONS.

Solicitors for the Administrator,  
1, Des Voeux Road Central,  
Victoria, Hongkong.

7th April, 1926. [3412]

## GANDEPRICE &amp; CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE NINETEENTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Company's Office, No. 2, 1st Floor, Street (St. George's Building), on FRIDAY, THE 16th APRIL, 1926, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts for the Year ended 31st December, 1925.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 10th to the 15th APRIL, 1926, both days inclusive.

## C. BOND.

Secretary. [3413]

## SOCIETY OF ST. GEORGE, HONGKONG.

MEMBERS are Reminded that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING will take place in the Old Chamber of Commerce Room, CITY HALL, at 3.30 p.m. on FRIDAY, 9th APRIL. It is hoped that there will be a Good Attendance to consider various matters, more particularly the proposal to hold a SMOKING CONCERT in the City Hall on ST. GEORGE'S DAY, FRIDAY, 23rd APRIL. Members are asked to endeavour to get Englishmen, not already members, to join the Society. [3405]

## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG.

## PROBATE JURISDICTION.

IN THE GOODS OF ALEXANDER FINDLAY SMITH, LATE OF VICTORIA IN THE COLONY OF HONGKONG DECEASED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Court has by virtue of Section 58 of the Probates Ordinance, 1897 (No. 2 of 1897), made an Order Limiting Time for Sending in Claims to or Against the above Estate to the 30th DAY OF APRIL, 1926. Creditors and Claimants are hereby required to Send their Claims to the Underigned by the above Date.

## DEACONS.

Solicitors for the Executors,  
1, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong. [3406]

## "TREVESA" TROPHY.

THE FIFTH BI-ANNUAL RACE for SHIP'S LIFE-BOATS will be SAILED on WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21st, Starting at 4 p.m.

Each Ship may enter Any Number of Boats.

COURSE.—Start from CHANNEL ROCKS, to KOWLOON ROCK (P), MARK OFF YACHT CLUB (S), CUST ROCK GAS BOUOY (P), Finish at the YACHT CLUB across a line West to East.

Competing Boats should be in Position at the Starting Line by 3.30 p.m.

Ships proposing to Enter Boats are Requested to Notify Me Not Later Than APRIL 20th.

## F. OLIVER.

Hon. Secretary,  
ROYAL HONGKONG YACHT CLUB,  
Hongkong, April 6th, 1926. [3408]

## SARAWAK GOVERNMENT.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—ASSISTANT CONTROL LER, Government Opium Monopoly. Salary: \$400 Per Month, Free Furnished Quarters, 3-Year Agreement with Prospect of Permanent Employment with Salary Rising to Maximum \$600, and Provident Fund. Experience of Chinese and Personal References Essential. Preferably Unmarried.

Apply Box No. 3233,  
c/o Hongkong Daily Press Office. [3233]

## TO LET.

A 4 ROOMED FLAT in CANNANON BUILDING, KOWLOON, Apply to HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD., Alexandra Building. [3390]

## OFFICE TO LET.

IN ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS. Apply—SECRETARY, A. F. WATSON & Co., Ltd. [2023]

TO LET.—A SPACIOUS SHOP, 2, 1st Floor, Street. Immediate Possession. Apply—GANDEPRICE & Co., Ltd. (Nax) [3407]

## INTIMATIONS

TO LET.—EUROPEAN RESIDENCES within easy reach of the city and the University, comprising 6 rooms, 4 bathrooms, modern sanitation, electric light, gas, as well as garage, at \$150.00 and upwards monthly. These residences, on MOUNT DAVID ROAD, FORTULAN, face South and are situated in one of the most delightful localities in Hong Kong. It is hoped very shortly to provide this neighbourhood with a bus service at popular rates. Apply to—HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD. [3319]

## CHINA SUGAR REFINING CO., LIMITED.

## NOTICE.

THE FORTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Office of the General Agents, Pedder Street, on THURSDAY, 22nd APRIL, 1926, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report and Statement of Accounts for the Year ending 31st December, 1925. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 8 a.m. to 2 p.m. APRIL, 1926, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD., General Agents. Hongkong, 26th March, 1926. [3372]

## NOTICE.

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LIMITED.

CERTIFICATE No. 3461 for 25 Shares, 24 Per Share Paid Up, Numbered 48751/48775 in this Society standing in the Joint Names of HARRY CLABURN PEARCE and JOHN HERMANN TESDALE, both of Shanghai, Has Been Declared LOST, and if at the Expiration of One Month from the Date hereof the above Document be not forthcoming the said Certificate will be deemed CANCELLED and of No Effect, and a NEW Certificate for the 25 Shares will be issued in its stead by the Society.

PAUL LAUDER, General Manager. Hongkong, 23rd February, 1926. [3333]

## G. B.

## NOTICE.

THE SANITARY BOARD wishes to Draw the Attention of the Public, and especially of Those who have recently come to the Colony to the possibility of acquiring Diseases, e.g., Dysentery and Typhoid Fever, by Eating Unclean Vegetables. Chinese Market-gardeners use manure from human sources and their custom is to pour the manure or spray it from watering-pots in liquid form over the Growing Plants. Disease-producing Parasites are therefore possibly present on the surfaces of Plants, e.g., Lettuces, over which the gardener's spray falls.

R. A. DERMID FORREST, Secretary. SANITARY BOARD. Hongkong, 1st April, 1926. [3338]

PREMISES TO LET in the DAIRY FARM BUILDING, PENNINGTON STREET, EAST POINT, Floor Area: 5,235 Sq. Ft., Height: 20.40 Ft. Make Excellent Goods. For further particulars apply to the SECRETARY, THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD. [3356]

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SAVE DEPOSIT BOXES To Let.

Kan Tong Po, Chief Manager. Hongkong, 8th February, 1926.

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38—D. M. BIGGAR, Manager.

## INTIMATION

## CARON "PARFUMS DE LUXE."

## NARCISSE NOIR.

## NUIT DE NOEL.

## A. S. WATSON &amp; CO., LTD., PERFUMERS.

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London Office: 131, Fleet Street, E.C.

## The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, APRIL 8th, 1926.

## THE SURPLUS MILLIONS.

The recent publication of the figures compiled by the Registrar-General of Great Britain have caused a considerable amount of comment. The indisputable fact is that the birth-rate for England and Wales during 1925 fell to the astonishingly low figure of 18.3 per 1,000 of the total population. The London Daily Express says "This compares with 18.7 in France, and is the world's lowest rate." Lest readers of this statement should come to hasty and gloomy conclusions it should be mentioned that the population of England and Wales is still increasing. The same official source informs us that the death rate in 1925 was 12.2 per 1,000 of the population. It is a figure that may well be contrasted with that of only half a century ago when the mortality was recorded as 21.4 per 1,000. There is the same tendency in all countries where modern medical science is making progress. On the one hand the doctors are prolonging the average human life in Europe and North America, while on the other hand the spread of knowledge—the reader must decide for himself whether it is good or evil knowledge—has led to a great decline in the birth-rate.

The most casual observer of life in China quickly comes to the conclusion that, under existing conditions, the country is over-populated. One of the first impressions carried away by the early European traders who came out of the Far East was of horror at what seemed to them to be the callous murder of thousands upon thousands of Chinese girl babies. No European with any refined feelings would attempt to defend the practice, but that it took place was

so obvious as to make it an indisputable fact. It would be of great interest to know whether it still continues in any part of China as a practice that meets with no general disapproval from the local community. There can be no doubt whatever that the struggle for life in China for centuries has been such a terrible battle that other weapons than fair "give and take" have come into play. The weak and the defenceless have had no other weapon but guile, and, despite all the splendid teachings of the Chinese Sages, guile has become part and parcel of the nature of large numbers of Chinese who see themselves almost daily on the edge of the precipice. That guile is the cause of all the difficulties about corruption in government offices, and the root of the trouble is the fact that in China there are always surplus millions who must go under if the others are to survive.

We have recently published the gist of a very fine sermon delivered by Father SCHMIDT in Hongkong and also some comments on it by a local correspondent. They both re-act to modern ideas about family life. It is quite clear that the Christian Churches in the Far East will not support any of the economic suggestions for "the prudential check" of population in China. What they have done, and will continue to do, is to struggle against the practice of polygamy. We cannot debate whether the so-called ancestor-worship is a religious custom or a practice based on reverence, but it is more responsible for the surplus millions of China than is polygamy. It is said to be a modern addition to the teachings of CONFUCIUS. In any case it causes early marriages with many attendant evils. As medical science spreads in China it must tend to prolong human life. Will it also introduce "the prudential check" to the surplus millions? It is a bewildering problem. It involves all sorts of difficulties about Confucian and Christian ethics and morality. It is, however, certain that as Western ideas spread throughout Asia the women will assert themselves. The day of large families in England seems to have passed. Perhaps in a few years the same causes will operate in China.

Money and property to the value of \$800 was stolen from 236, Queen's Road Central, on Tuesday, by armed robbers.

Mr. H. W. Looker, M.P., formerly a solicitor in Hongkong, has been appointed a member of the China Committee in London.

A local Chinese paper reports that General Chen Chung Ming has returned to South China from Shanghai, and is now in Macao.

An amah employed by Mrs. Hidden, of Pratt's Buildings, Kowloon, was bitten by a dog belonging to her mistress yesterday. Mrs. Hidden sent the dog to Kennedy Town for observation.

While riding in a chair along Robinson Road on Tuesday, Mrs. Matthews, residing at No. 29, Mosque Junction, had her handbag, containing \$160, snatched from her. The thief was not caught.

Before Mr. J. H. B. Nihill at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday, a Chinese, living at 168, Portland Street, was fined \$10 for having failed to report a case of small-pox, which occurred at his house.

A Chinese was sentenced to 14 days' hard labour at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday, for loitering on the roof of No. 333, Nathan Road, for an unlawful purpose. Mr. W. J. Stonham was the complainant.

At the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday, before Mr. J. H. B. Nihill, a billposter from the Tai Yat Theatre was fined \$30 for posting bills, which had not been previously passed by the Secretary for Chinese Affairs.

There was a full-dress rehearsal parade of European, Indian, Weihaiwei and Shantung police in the compound of the Central Police Station yesterday afternoon, in preparation for the inspection by H.E. the Governor, which takes at Police Headquarters next Wednesday afternoon.

There was to have been a sale, by order of the mortgagee, of leasehold property situated at Nos. 5, 7, 11, 13, and 17, Central Street, at the China Auction Rooms yesterday afternoon, but the property was withdrawn from auction prior to the time of the sale. The property has an area of 5,066 square feet and the annual Crown rent is \$48.

Major C. Willson discharged a Chinese at the Central Magistracy yesterday on a charge of having stolen a gold tooth pick from a woman. It transpired that defendant and complainant had once lived together. Mr. C. A. S. Russ defended.

At the annual general meeting of the Society of St. George, Hongkong, to be held to-morrow (Friday) evening at 8.30 in the Old Chamber of Commerce Room, City Hall, the proposal to hold a smoking concert in the City Hall on St. George's Day, April 23rd, will be discussed.

A Chinese married woman, living at No. 52, D'Aguilar Street, reported to the police that at 4 a.m. on Tuesday she was awakened by people outside shouting "fire." She found that some paper soaked in kerosene had been set alight, and thrown against the door. No damage was done.

Straits Settlements 7 per cent. Loan bonds, 1921-1926, are being redeemed on May 1st. The Municipal Commissioners of the town of Singapore are advertising in the Straits an issue of \$22,000,000 Debenture Stock, 1926-1936, bearing interest at 5 per cent. The stock is being issued at par.

At the Yauwatti Government School yesterday afternoon, Mr. E. Ralphs (Assistant-Commissioner of the St. John Ambulance Brigade in Hongkong) and Mr. Ho Kow Tong, also an officer of the Brigade, presented medals and certificates to members of the Kowloon Division in connection with an inter-Division contest.

Mr. E. A. Leggett, the Superintendent in Hongkong of the Eastern Extension, Australasia and China Telegraph Company, is shortly going on leave and his place will be taken by Mr. E. J. Patterson, the present assistant-superintendent, who is expected on the St. Albans from Melbourne. Mr. Leggett will spend his leave in Australia and New Zealand, occupying part of his time at any rate in looking for a permanent residence as he has only one more period to serve before retirement. According to present arrangements he will return to complete that period of service in Hongkong.

Mrs. Alex. Mackenzie, who with her eldest son, Mr. W. Mackenzie, left by the *Sarpedon* yesterday to spend the summer at home, was the recipient before her departure of a pleasing tribute of esteem from a number of ladies of the Colony who are interested in the work of the Helena May Institute, of which Mrs. Mackenzie is President for the year, and in the activities of which she has always taken a very keen interest. In addition to an address expressing their esteem and appreciation of her work, bearing the signatures of some forty prominent members of the Institute, Mrs. Mackenzie was presented with a cheque to procure a suitable memento at home. Mrs. George Grimble, Vice-President of the Institute, made the presentation.

There was a numerous gathering of friends at Statue Pier yesterday morning to bid adieu to the Hon. Mr. P. H. and Mrs. Holyoak who left by the *Sarpedon* to spend the summer at home. Mrs. Holyoak, as is generally known, is just recovering from a very severe illness, and the Hon. Mr. Holyoak's health, of late has been far from robust. Their many friends in the Colony trust that the voyage will have a beneficial effect on both, and that they will return in the Autumn fully restored to health. The Misses Dorothy and Joyce Holyoak are accompanying their parents. A large number of the friends of Dr. T. W. Pearce foregathered at the same hour at Murray Pier to wish the veteran missionary a pleasant holiday at home. Travelling on the *Sarpedon* with him are his daughter, Mrs. H. Griffin and her husband and child.

## LOCAL WILLS.

## HERBERT BENT, OF CANTON.

Letters of administration of the will of the late Mr. Herbert Bent, of The Mount, Shoreham, near Sevenoaks, Kent, and formerly of Canton, have just been granted in the Hongkong Supreme Court to Mr. J. R. F. Corley, of the Chartered Bank, Hongkong.

The will is dated 14th August, 1911. Deceased died in Kent on August 13th, 1925. He left property in Hongkong valued at \$24,100, and left it wholly to his widow, Mrs. M. Bent, of Warrington, Surrey. Mr. Corley was appointed attorney for Mrs. Bent.

## J. E. GOMES, KOWLOON.

Mr. J. E. Gomes of No. 45, Granville Road, Kowloon, formerly an assistant with Messrs. Laprak & Co. who died on February 2nd, 1926, at the age of 65 years, left property to the value of \$22,600. Probate of the will has been granted to Mr. Gomes, of 45, Granville Road, and J. M. D'Almeida, assistant Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, Ltd. The will is dated June 20th, 1923.

He bequeathed his estate to be shared equally amongst his sisters, A. T. M. Gomes de Eca, C. A. Gomes, M. A. Gomes de Carvalho, and G. M. Gomes.

## MARRIED SINGLE.

## THE ART OF BEING A CHAPERON.

[BY A LATE CORRESPONDENT.]

"Chaperons to-day are not what they used to be." On that point all are agreed. Modern thought has so taken possession of them that they seem an entirely different type from their predecessors. This may be attributed to the War when one might have ransacked London for one of them with no success for one's pains. In those hectic days there was not time to collect "Mothers superior" to supervise one's "Leave." One took charge of the situation oneself, enjoying the wild whirl with the friend of the moment.

But post-war days came, bringing a certain reaction from the laxity of the preceding years. Chaperons were again the order of the day, not in the good old-fashioned way of "dowagers lining the walls," but making as charming partners as their young proteges themselves. Now the pendulum has swung yet further. Many of the so-called chaperons wear shorter skirts, have better figures, and are often smarter than the youthful debutante, who even finds her Mother sometimes cutting her out!

The theory that men prefer married women to inexperienced girls is amply borne out in this Colony. One can almost count the number of young girls, and yet there is seldom a dancing man without a partner. The reason is simple. There are numbers of "young marrieds" who dance as well, if not better, and are often more amusing than the "young girl," whose absence is often deplored but who appears to be seldom missed. Even with the modern girl of to-day most men have to restrain their conversation more than with a young married woman. At the same time the young married woman is so much "easier to take out" than a girl whose every movement is discussed at great length. No wonder then that the "young marrieds" put it over the "girls." It is not only that they out-do them in attraction; the whole environment of Hongkong is against an unmarried girl having a really good time. If she does and dances along with a man, which she would probably do frequently in London, she is "taboo" in respectable society, while the man feels he is being conspicuous. A man can hardly show a girl ordinary attention without having their names coupled. A girl has remarked that the one great thing to be said for marriage, in her opinion, is that one could have a good time without incurring the censure of the Peak!

On the other hand one of the distinct advantages of the East is that one is never too old to have a good time. Married women, who would spend their lives between their parlour fire and suburban garden at home, here get as much fun out of life as any "sweet young thing." But if youth does not grudge craning the age tripping the same measure, the re-venge Jazzy Band, then the latter, in return, should allow the young to disport themselves unhindered and uncriticised. Otherwise they will deserve to have the tables turned on them, and to find they have reared a generation of debutantes who insist on chaperoning the greater freedom of their elders!

## LOCAL WEDDING.

## LOWCOCK-KOTEWALL.

A very pretty wedding took place at St. John's Cathedral yesterday, when the contracting parties were Mr. Henry Lowcock, son of Mr. G. Lowcock of No. 15, Babington Path, and Miss Mabel Kotewall, daughter of Mr. S. Kotewall, of No. 27, Conduit Road.

The Rev. G. R. Lindsay and the Rev. T. B. Powell officiated.

The bride who was given away by the Hon. Dr. R. H. Kotewall, was charmingly attired in a dress of white crepe with a wide circular flounce of silver lace. The beautiful train was made of the same material, and was also appliqued with silver lace. Her veil of tulle illusion, was finished off with a diadem of pearls and orange blossoms, and she carried a shower bouquet of white roses and lilies.

Miss Mabel Kotewall, the little flower girl, led the way strewn flowers in the bride's path. Her dress was made of very fine shadow lace, finished off with dainty hand-made flowers. Her hair was similarly trimmed.

Miss Bobby Kotewall, as page-boy in the style of Louis XIV., wore a costume of white roman satin lined with silver tissue.

Miss Phoebe Kotewall, the maid of honour, was dressed in white georgette, trimmed with silver and pale blue embroidery. Her bandeau and bouquet were made of large white roses.

Misses Doris and Helen Kotewall, the bridesmaids, were dressed in pale pink mince, trimmed with bands of silver. They also wore bandeaus to match the dresses of silver and pink tissue, and carried bouquets of pale pink roses and sweet peas.

Mr. George Zimmermann was "best man." Following the ceremony a reception, attended by numerous friends, was held at 57, Conduit Road.

The honeymoon is being spent in Shanghai. The bride's going away dress was of silver grey marocaine lined with pale pink chamois. She wore a grey hat to match the dress.



CHINA A COUNTRY WITHOUT A  
GOVERNMENT.

## A SCATHING INDICTMENT.

When the country, as it is, is without a government and is disunited, and when the question of defence against

Russia is most urgent, it is no good arguing about the constitution. The constitution of a country is like a prescription for a patient. There are no fixed prescriptions, that which cures an illness is a good prescription. There are no fixed rules for government; those which provide peace and order are good rules. The so-called constitution does nothing but harm to the country and the people, and simply hastens our destruction. The drafting of a constitution and the election of a President should be done by the whole nation and not only by a few hundred members of Parliament, whose period of functioning, moreover, has already expired. The people are terrified by the mention of the constitution and are utterly disgusted with the members of parliament. The question of a constitution therefore should be left out of discussion.

Tsun Chi Jui is one of the founders of the Republic, and made himself the Chief Executive. The term of "Chief Executive" is the title for Lenin. Tsun Chi Jui has therefore followed the example of the Russians. He has invited Sun Yat Sen into Peking, and introduced Bolshevism into place outside Peking, and this has resulted in the loss of Mongolia, Kwangtung, and Kwangsi to Russia. He has added the Japanese loan of \$200,000,000 and wasted \$200,000,000 from the Gold Franc case. He has caused the provinces to be divided and civil wars to take place. Instead of inducing any peace, he has caused Yu Hsiang-ha to

punishment—on him carrying out his orders to subvert this country. Can there be anyone in the world who is more shameful and lacking in conscience? His orders cannot reach places outside the gates of the Capital, and his government is not regarded as a government by the people. However, he is utilised by Feng Yu Hsiang as a puppet, and through him the latter is getting his arms and pay for soldiers, carrying out his diplomacy with the foreign countries, serving for Russia, pushing Bolshevism and attacking Wu Pei Fu. He has really become Russia's foreign secretary for China and a captive of Feng Yu Hsiang. He is doing no good to the people but a lot of harm. Such a government as his should be immediately exterminated.

As said by the ancient scholars, all wrongs should be rectified and what is impracticable should be changed. The Book of Changes says that the heavens help those who are obedient and men punish those who are faithless. Feng Yu Hsiang, in carrying out Bolshevism against the will of the people and in being treacherous, is neither obedient nor faithful, and therefore should not be helped by either heaven or men. Generals Wu, Li, Chang, Liu, etc., in carrying out a punitive expedition against the Bolsheviks and defending China against Russia, are both obedient to heaven and faithful to mankind: let all the nation, therefore, help them in their cause.

**TSAO KUN TO BE SET FREE**  
**MINISTER OF JUSTICE URGES**  
**DISMISSAL OF CASE.**

Restoration of freedom, to Marshal Tiao K'un is believed imminent as a result of a petition which Mr. Lu Hainan, Minister of Justice, has submitted to the Chief Executive, requesting the dismissal of the military governor.

of the case against the former President and his Parliamentary friends involved in the so-called bribery Presidential election of October, 1923.

over all the evidence submitted by the local Procuratorate in connection with the case and found that it is not sufficient to justify an indictment. He urges that the case be dismissed in view of the fact that it is no use to proceed with it now.

According to the petition of the local Procuratorate although an examination of the banking accounts of many of the M.P.'s involved in the affair has disclosed the existence of many irregularities concerning the election of October

1923, practically all the leaders of the Parliament have left the capital and it is impossible to reach them by legal processes and gather from them the necessary evidence. The Procuratorate suggests that the case be wound up for lack of evidence.

present until the People's Conference sits. The petition of the Minister of Justice goes one step further in that he asks for the dismissal of the case together. It is understood that Marshall, Tuan Chi Lin has annulled of the petition.

**WEATHER REPORT.**

Last night's weather report, forecasts and remarks by the Royal Observatory said:—  
The anti-cyclone is now central to North of Formosa. A depression may

forming over the Vistula. The monsoon will be interrupted along the S.E. Coast of China and will be moderate to light over the North China Sea.  
Local forecast: N.E. winds, moderate to fine.





# EMPIRE PROPAGANDA. FAULTS—AND POSSIBILITIES.

The extent to which publicity and propaganda might help towards the solution of the twin problems of overseas trade and Empire settlement was suggested in a lecture by Sir Basil Clarke at the hall of the Royal Society of Arts recently. Viscount Burnham presided.

Sir Basil dealt first with the influence of propaganda upon Empire trade; its ability to secure more efficient production, better craftsmanship, and the restoration and increase of purchasing power. He showed how it could be used (1) among employers, to convince them of the importance of efficient, well-paid workers, and modern machinery; (2) among the workers, to prove that waste, either in material, time, or effort, is, in the long run, as much their loss as their employers'; and (3) to give the workers a wider conspectus of the part their work plays in the nation's affairs than is possible from the narrow viewpoint of the office or the factory. As to better salesmanship, remarking that publicity was not nearly playing the part it should do in the creation of new markets by the formation of tastes and habits, he pointed to the recent resuscitation of the Christmas card and Valentine habits as an example of what a good propaganda campaign could do. But no propaganda could create new trade above the purchasing power of the community with which the trade was desired. Towards the increase of purchasing power, he claimed that propaganda (1) could direct purchasing towards the commodities of the greatest productivity; (2) encourage economy and saving; and (3) could contribute heavily to the creation, both at home and abroad, of an atmosphere of peace, and so produce that confidence which was the basis of productive enterprise.

## ATTITUDE OF THE PUBLIC.

Overseas settlement, said Sir Basil, was a ready instrument for shifting back the weight that was depressing the steel yard of British commerce. How could propaganda help it? To-day our propaganda relating to the subject was uncoordinated; it remained in the hands of Government agents, private land companies, and benevolent institutions, whereas advice to the intending emigrant was not on the highest level. These agencies appealed to the pocket, to the desire for comfort and gain, and frequently overplayed the picture. But he had yet to hear the case for emigration presented on the highest possible basis—as an urgent national need and as a patriotic act. There was no public opinion behind the emigrant's choice; public and Press did not bother where he went, and he was allowed to sneak out of his own country, "unwept, unhonoured, and ununged." This "inglorious aura" was due to faulty propaganda.

Observing that 440 new people came into the British labour market every day, Sir Basil pleaded that a new trend, to rural rather than urban careers, should be given to this never-ceasing flow of new labour. While the present urban mental outlook dominated the masses neither Empire settlement would be satisfactorily effected, nor would even our own rural population be maintained. Policy and propaganda must co-operate more closely on all questions of mass concern, and given that co-operation, the propaganda must be the business of the expert who knew the meaning and the importance of "new values." In conclusion, he expressed the hope that propaganda's share of the £1,000,000 that was to be devoted to the stimulation of overseas trade would not be spent until inquiry had been made as to the various forms of propaganda available, their relative values, and several functions in a co-ordinated scheme, and the highest standards of practice in each branch.

Sir Archibald Weir, formerly Governor of South Australia, agreed that this question should be co-ordinated and brought into one useful channel; the efforts of the thirty-six voluntary societies who were dealing with the problem of Empire settlement would become far more effective if they flowed through a single conduit. He hoped that this would soon be achieved through the efforts of Mr. Amery and the Royal Colonial Institute.

## THE REAL DIFFICULTY.

The march of the surplus population from the centre of Europe to its "open spaces" was a splendid ideal and a magnificent case, but in practice, unless the propaganda was equally efficient both at the point of transmission and the point of reception, the whole thing might fall to the ground. The real difficulty was the far greater knowledge the people overseas had of our aims, aspirations, and ordinary commercial life than we had of theirs. While it was true that 97 per cent. of the Australians were drawn from our flesh and blood, they had no customs, traditions, and conventions, such as had become subconsciously part of our life at home. The problem was to secure a propagandist who could interpret the outlook of the new country. Furthermore, one might do a great disservice by persuading the whole country to take a great forward step in the matter before our own people had acquired more "land" sense and more of the rural mind. Prior to any real "galvanising" of the country's attitude towards Empire settlement it was necessary to turn the nation's mind much more to the field and farther away from the factory.

(Continued on next column.)

# BREACH OF PROMISE. THE CHANGED CONDITIONS FOR WOMEN.

The obdurate dicta of the judges are often useful, not so much because they illustrate a new discovery as because they remind the public of things so obvious that they are easily forgotten. Mr. Justice McCardie's opinion that "the contract to marry is not an ordinary contract, such as a bargain made in a counting-house," is not startlingly novel, but it is indisputably true. Nevertheless, there occurs case after case in which a young woman sues the young man who has jilted her for breach of contract, and asks a jury to make a pecuniary assessment of her wrongs, just as if she were a servant who had been dismissed without due notice. Moreover, not infrequently juries respond and award the plaintiff compensation for her lacerated feelings.

Now, it is true that under one aspect a promise of marriage is, or may be, a contract on all fours with a bargain made in a counting-house. It involves material considerations and an undertaking to bear certain material responsibilities. The woman who has spent money on preparations for her wedding, or who has relinquished some profitable employment to make it possible, or even, perhaps, the woman who has rejected some other suitor, has suffered damages from her jilting, and common sense admits her right to seek legal redress, though in most cases good taste might counsel her to forgo it.

But this is not always exclusively the real ground on which compensation is claimed. Nothing has been much changed since Gilbert wrote "Trial by Jury," and still the advocate represents his fair client as heartbroken by the defection of the treacherous defendant. But this line of argument has been rendered out of date by modern developments in the relations between the sexes. Of course, it is open to a man to claim damages for breach of promise if he wishes to do so. But the rare occasions on which this has been attempted have not resulted in such a manner as to encourage litigation, and in practice, actions for breach of promise depend on the position of women in the world.

They are, in fact, a curious instance of that process which, during the last fifty years or so, has given to women all the rights formerly reserved to men without depriving them of the special privileges which they enjoyed in the absence of these rights. There was a time when a woman, shielded, sheltered, and not even allowed to fend for herself, might fairly claim that a material and assessable injury had been inflicted on her by a faithless lover. Marriage was her only possible employment; a young man had contracted to employ her; he had broken his contract. Let him pay, especially since he had probably diminished her chances of obtaining another offer.

But the case is now very much altered. Women have claimed, and have virtually obtained, equal rights with men. Marriage is no longer the only career open to them, does not, indeed, always interfere with their pursuit of other careers. They have their own free place in the world, and use it to compete on level terms with men. There should not, therefore, be this discrimination between the sexes with regard to the contract to enter into the married state. If the moral injuries inflicted by the act of jilting could ever be assessable in damages, they are equally severe for both sexes. For the rest, except where specific material damage can be shown, the old case for the woman has disappeared.—*Evening Standard.*

Sir James Allen, High Commissioner for New Zealand, said he was not quite sure that the last speaker fully appreciated the significance of a movement which was now taking place, and had already resulted in placing upon the land in New Zealand many public school boys, and the children of men who lost their lives in the war. He hoped it would be possible to persuade intending emigrants that the ideal behind their emigration was patriotism and not self-interest; but he was afraid it would be necessary to combine the two. (Laughter.) A man had to consider himself and his dependents, and he would not emigrate unless he was reasonably sure that it was in his own interests as well as in the interests of the Empire. As to Sir Basil's suggestion concerning the apportionment of the £1,000,000, the Imperial Economic Committee had recommended that an executive committee be set up with the object of co-ordinating the work of propaganda. The essence of trade propaganda was the quality of the article itself and the method employed for disposing of it. (Cheers.) There was need for Government propaganda in the Dominions to ensure that the producers gave the home consumer good products, supplied practically all the year round, and at prices that would compare favourably with others. Lieut.-Colonel A. Weston Jarvis pointed out that the question was complicated by the great variation presented by the peculiar problems of each Dominion, and in particular observed that in the matter of labour, South Africa's position made her stand alone. The Chairman expressed the thanks of the meeting of Sir Basil Clarke for his address.

# DOCTOR WHO WOULD NOT TELL. REFUSAL TO DISCLOSE NAME OF A DRUG PATIENT. HOME OFFICE TEST CASE. DECISION.

Dr. George Chadwick Kingsbury, of Elm-court, Temple, was summoned at the Mansion House recently by the Director of Public Prosecutions.

For having, between August 30th, 1925, and February 2nd, 1926, failed to comply with the provisions of the Dangerous Drugs Act 1920, in that having supplied morphine to an unknown person, he failed to enter the name, address, and particulars in his register.

After hearing the evidence, the Lord Mayor said he came to the conclusion that there had been a breach of the regulations in regard to this matter, but as in all probability it was a test case he should only impose a nominal fine of 25 guineas and ten guineas costs. Notice of appeal was given.

## NO REFLECTION ON HONOUR.

Mr. H. D. Roome said Dr. Kingsbury was both a registered medical practitioner and a barrister-at-law. He was happy to tell the Lord Mayor that he was specially instructed by the Director of Public Prosecutions to say at once, and to emphasise, that this charge conveyed not the slightest reflection on the personal honour of Dr. Kingsbury.

The sole point in this case was that Dr. Kingsbury had declined, and still declined, to disclose either in the register or in the day book the name and address of the patient for whom he stated he had been for over twelve months in the habit of procuring from a chemist a regular supply of morphine, about 20 grains a week.

Dr. Kingsbury told the chemist that the name of his patient was Mr. Brown. The defendant's practice had been, every time he gave an order, to give it in writing, signed by him in the form of a medical prescription. It was understood that "Brown" was a fictitious name.

Dr. Dile Russell, a medical officer under the Ministry of Health, called at Elm-court, Temple, Dr. Kingsbury's chambers, and had an interview with him.

The defendant explained that he did not now carry on a general practice, but that some of his old patients in the North of England had moved to London, and that he saw them in a friendly way. Two, he said, were morphine addicts, and had asked him to treat them. One of them, a woman, he had succeeded in curing, and the other, a man, was improving as a result of his treatment, and instead of taking hyperdermic injections was taking it through the mouth, which Dr. Kingsbury claimed was a more innocuous method of taking the drug.

## 70-YEAR-OLD PATIENT.

Later, Dr. Roche called on the defendant, who told him that his patient was 70 years of age, and was improving. Dr. Roche said it was essential to comply with the regulations and state the name and address of the patient. Dr. Kingsbury replied that he must decline to do so.

Dr. Kingsbury asked that the Lord Mayor should see the correspondence between himself and the Home Office. Dr. Kingsbury added that he desired to assist the authorities in every way he could.

Mr. Roome pointed out that it was obvious that the Home Office must have the name and address of a morphine addict, so as to be sure he was not getting the drug from other sources than his medical man—that he was not getting a double supply. The object of these proceedings was to convince Dr. Kingsbury that he must comply like everyone else with these regulations.

Dr. Russell, in evidence, said that at no interview with Dr. Kingsbury did he press for the name of his patient. He agreed that the doctor had said that he would not supply the identity of a patient who was struggling to be free from a drug. He quite understood that the doctor was getting nothing out of his work for this patient, and he knew that years ago Dr. Kingsbury had acquired a reputation in the treatment of these cases.

Mr. A. Henderson, H.M. Inspector under the Dangerous Drugs Act, stated that in an interview Dr. Kingsbury told him he had given his word not to disclose the patient's name so long as he showed a genuine desire to be cured.

## CHINA SQUADRON BOXING.

### CONTESTS AT SINGAPORE.

The following results of a boxing tournament between boxers of the China Squadron and soldiers of the Singapore Garrison on March 27th, appear in a Singapore contemporary:—

Sig. Marshall (Hawkins) beat Gr. Butler.  
Mne. Burgess (Ambrose) beat Sgt. Greenwood.  
Ldg. Cook (Hawkins) lost to Pte. Gill.  
Sgt. Eastman (Hawkins) in round 1.  
A.B. Quick lost to Pte. Hawthorn.  
Stoker Thompson beat Pte. Birch.  
Stoker Polling lost to Pte. Whiston.  
A.B. Buckmaster (Hawkins) beat Pte. Annersley.  
Cpl. McManus (Hawkins) beat Pte. Harris on points.

# CHINESE PROTECTORATE IN THE STRAITS. THE PROTECTOR'S REPORT.

The following are the general paragraphs in Mr. Beatty's report on the Chinese Protectorate of the Straits Settlements:—

The improvement in the conditions of the rubber industry favourably affected trade among the Chinese, especially during the last quarter of the year.

The cost of living rose in sympathy with enhanced rubber prices. There was a general movement by the labouring classes and small shop-keepers to take advantage of the resulting prosperity. This movement was started by a combination of circumstances, namely the increased cost of foodstuffs and other goods from China owing to the virtual closing of the ports of Canton and Swatow during the second half of the year, the demand for rubber tappers and skilled labour and a sharp rise in the price of firewood and charcoal. There were no untoward incidents and in most cases the increase in wages was accepted by employers without any unreasonable. There was considerable profiteering by retailers of foodstuffs and coffee shops.

In response to representations from a certain section of the Chinese community the Government set up a Committee to consider the questions of registration of Chinese marriages and of divorce among the Chinese; a considerable body of evidence was taken in Singapore and Penang during the year. This is believed to be the first occasion on which Chinese ladies have served on a Government Committee.

The Chinese community suffered a great loss by the death of Mr. Seah Liang Seah, J.P., who was the head of the family founded by Mr. Seah Su Chin, one of the earliest settlers in Singapore and the last outstanding figure of his generation. He had served as a member of the Legislative Council on several occasions, and before he retired into private life, his advice on Chinese matters was at the disposal of the Government for many years.

## ADMIRAL LINERS.

LIKELY TO BE ACQUIRED BY DOLLAR INTERESTS.

Manila papers contain an Associated Press message regarding bids for the disposal of the Admiral-Oriental ships plying between Seattle and Manila.

According to the message, Senator Jones, Republican, Washington, chairman of the Senate Commerce Committee, has written the United States Shipping Board that the practicable effect of the terms of the bids for the disposal of the Admiral-Oriental ships plying between Seattle and Manila, would be to destroy the line. He said if the ships went to a certain agency all the shipping under the American flag across the Pacific would be under one control, "the San Francisco-Admiral Line."

According to Mr. R. C. Morton, of the Shipping Board's Manila office, Senator Jones evidently believes that the Dollar interests will be the only one to submit an acceptable bid for the five Admiral-Oriental ships. Mr. Morton is of the opinion that the Senator fears the Dollar interests will buy these ships and company with the five-year stipulation of the Shipping Board, in order to drive out outside competition. After the five-year term is up, Senator Jones evidently believes that the Dollar people will withdraw these ships from the trans-Pacific run, said Mr. Morton. "Senator Jones was prompted to write the Shipping Board, believing that should the certain agency acquire control of the five Admiral-Oriental ships, the agency would have a monopoly on the trans-Pacific trade also," added Mr. Morton.

That the Dollar interests will acquire the five Admiral-Oriental liners within a short time is indicated by other messages received in Manila.

## HONGKONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hongkong Observatory, April 7th.

|                | Day at 2 p.m. | at 6 a.m. | at 2 p.m. |
|----------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Barometer      | 29.97         | 30.00     | 29.97     |
| Temperature    | 74            | 65        | 70        |
| Humidity       | 78            | 78        | 71        |
| Wind Direction | W             | E         | E         |
| Force          | 2             | 3         | 3         |
| Weather        | 0             | B         | B         |
| Rain           | 0.43          | 0.00      | 0.00      |

Highest open-air Temperature on 6th ... 75

Lowest open-air Temperature on 7th ... 65

## HONGKONG TIDE TABLE.

From April 6th to 14th, 1926.

|       |       | HIGH WATER.          |        |                      | LOW WATER. |         |      |
|-------|-------|----------------------|--------|----------------------|------------|---------|------|
| Day   | Month | H'kong Standard Time | Height | H'kong Standard Time | Height     | English | Feet |
| Thurs | 8     | 7.25                 | 4.5    | 11.37                | 1.3        |         |      |
| Fri   | 9     | 7.38                 | 4.8    | 11.36                | 1.3        |         |      |
| Satur | 10    | 7.49                 | 5.1    | 11.34                | 1.1        |         |      |
| Sun   | 11    | 8.25                 | 5.3    | 11.34                | 1.1        |         |      |
| Mon   | 12    | 8.51                 | 5.5    | 11.34                | 1.2        |         |      |
| Tues  | 13    | 9.18                 | 5.8    | 11.32                | 1.5        |         |      |
| Wed   | 14    | 9.46                 | 6.1    | 11.32                | 1.7        |         |      |
|       |       | 10.44                | 6.1    | 4.39                 | 1.3        |         |      |
|       |       | 10.15                | 6.3    | 4.17                 | 1.2        |         |      |
|       |       | 11.35                | 5.6    | 4.54                 | 1.2        |         |      |



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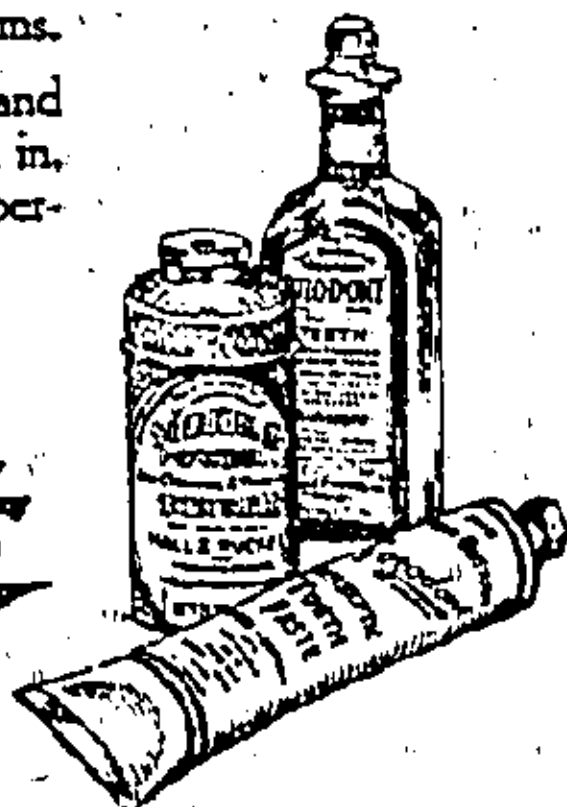
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## CONSIGNEE NOTICES.

### NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

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AND  
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

CONSIGNEES per Company's Steamer "PATROULUS" are hereby notified that the Cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, where it will be at Consignees' risk and subject to Terms and Conditions of Storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for Delivery from Godown on and after 2nd April.

Optional Cargo will be landed, unless Notice has been given prior to Steamer's arrival. All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and Noon within the Free Storage period.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 8th April, will be subject to Rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 23rd April, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.  
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.  
Hongkong, 4th April, 1926. [340]

### NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

"ELLERMAN" LINE.  
FROM EUROPE.

THE Steamship "KATHLAMBA" having arrived, Consignees of Cargo by her are informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of Holt's Wharf, whence Delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after 12th April, 1926, will be subject to Rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before 19th April, 1926, or they will not be recognised. All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays or Fridays, between the hours 10.45 a.m. and Noon, within the Free Storage period of One Week.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.  
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by THE BANK LINE, LTD., General Agents.  
Hongkong, 4th April, 1926. [3409]

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY  
**THERAPION No. 1**  
**THERAPION No. 2**  
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## THE FUTURE OF RELIGION.

[By THE REV. C. A. ALINGTON, D.D.,  
HEADMASTER OF ETON.]

Two notable books have recently been published on the position and prospects of religion, one by Dr. Kirsopp Lake and the other by Dr. Matthews, of King's College, London. They are called respectively "The Religion of Yesterday and To-morrow" and "The Gospel and the Modern Mind."

Both authors are fully alive to the need of a restatement of the orthodox position, as is probably inevitable for anyone who realises the intellectual revolution which has taken place in the last 150 years. It is hard to improve on Dr. Matthews' brief summary of the different conditions which the Gospel has now to face.

The Gospel came to men who had little conception of continuity but were convinced of the reality of the supernatural. It comes to-day to men who are penetrated with the belief in the order of nature and have scarcely any living belief in the supernatural. It came then to people who were almost wholly unaware of the subtle connection of all events in human life. It comes to-day into a world which has learnt that all history is one movement. It came then to an age that had no deep feeling of the contrast between the world of nature and the world of mind. It comes to-day to a generation which is torn by this conflict. It came then to minds which thought in terms of perfection. It comes now to minds which think in terms of progress.

Dr. Kirsopp Lake's analysis is more detailed and more destructive. He shows how Christian thinkers have been driven to abandon many positions which were once thought impregnable, and is contemptuous of attempts made to reconcile Christianity and Science. For him the orthodox Christian is tied to a literal belief in the early chapters of Genesis, and to describe Evolution as a method of Creation appears to him frankly dishonest.

### THE IMPORTANT QUESTION.

It is difficult to follow this argument.

The important question is surely whether the universe, visible and invisible, takes its origin from the will of God or not; it may be freely granted that the story of Creation as told in Genesis is a Semitic myth, but the challenge of its first words will remain. "In the beginning, God," says the writer, and those who accept these words have surely a right to their own opinion as to the method which God pursued. In any case, the belief in some form of evolution is as old as St. Augustine, while it is Milton who is largely responsible for popularising the doctrine of "special creation" in its full absurdity.

Dr. Kirsopp Lake has had a very interesting career. Beginning as a disciple of the Pusey House at Oxford, he spent ten years at the University of Leyden, and is now Professor of Early Christian History at Harvard. Both in Holland and in America he has come into close contact with the Fundamentalist movement, and it would seem that his views are not unnaturally influenced by what he has seen. To most English people Fundamentalism presents itself as a curious intellectual vagary of Tennessee, and it is with difficulty that they realise how strong a movement it has become in the United States in the last five years.

### "A POLITICAL ISSUE."

Dr. Lake, who has seen its rise in Holland, where "to-day almost all the great churches in the cities are in the hands of 'Fundamentalists,' who for more than twenty years, with only short intervals, have shared with the Catholics the government of the land," clearly thinks such a result by no means impossible in America. "The matter," he says, "is being made a political issue; so many votes can always be secured for the Bible and the law for Science that in some places no political candidate could be elected who does not hold the 'Biblical' views, and no teacher in a public institution could retain his position if he favoured evolution."

It is not surprising that Dr. Lake is moved by this phenomenon to divide the three possible types of religion into Fundamentalist, Institutional, and Experimentalist.

The first named, of course, includes the Roman Catholic Church, against which his indictment is that "it refused, does refuse, and now for ever must refuse, all truth which demands that it recognise its past errors." "The worst fault of the Fundamentalist is that, being half educated, he has no doubts," he coins the word "ignoremus" to describe him at his worst.

The Institutional is to be found in the Protestant Churches and at his best, or certainly in his most active form, in the Church of England. His characteristic danger is to be "misty in thought and ambiguous in language"; he has plenty of doubts, which is to his credit, but he is lacking in the intellectual honesty which would make him face them. We have already seen the scorn which the writer pours on the attempts to explain that "in some mysterious way when the Bible said Creation it meant Evolution, when it said Fall it meant Ascent, and

when it said Salvation it meant Progress." The Experimentalist is one who frankly admits that Christianity has always been a movement and not a position: it is perhaps not unfair to suggest that in Dr. Kirsopp Lake's hands it moves so fast and so far that it is almost impossible to see and quite impossible to grasp.

With his masterly analysis of the Religion of Yesterday there is little ground to quarrel, and though he is persistently unkind to the Broad Churchman it is no doubt because he sees the attraction of their position and feels it to be dangerous. He is consistently unfair to the Old Testament, and passes very lightly over the revelation to the prophets on which most English theologians would now put considerable weight.

### THE STORY AND THE MORAL.

One instance of his method may be given. He quotes the successful fraud of Jacob as apparently receiving the Divine approval. It is curious that so learned a writer should fall into so puerile an error. It is perfectly true that Jacob was merely successful in his attempt to secure the birthright which he regarded as merely a desirable prize. The Biblical narrative goes on to show that from the moment he received it he had to be made worthy of it through continual and painful discipline. There is real humour as well as wisdom in the story, which shows how Jacob, the successful liar, was at once sent to learn from Laban (one of the few people who could beat him at that particular game): the hard and painful lesson that lies are not a suitable basis on which to build a life. The moral of the story, fairly considered, is precisely opposite to that which the Professor seeks to draw.

It is when we turn to his picture of the Religion of To-morrow that Dr. Kirsopp Lake most disappoints us. It shows us a religion with no churches, no ministers, no denominational philanthropy, and no organised sacraments, a society of men who would not greatly care whether anyone thought they were Christians or not. They would be more efficient, we are told, and more kindly, in philanthropy, and would teach men to seek and find truth, beauty and goodness.

### THE SOLUTION.

It is impossible not to doubt whether they would perform these functions better by cutting themselves off from a religion which has, with all its failures and shortcomings, taught the Western world all that marks its real superiority over the East. Dr. Kirsopp Lake is perfectly justified in his sneer at the failure of Christianity in the War, but it is curious that he should also sneer at the belief that to love your neighbour as yourself is the solution of the problems of modern society.

Dr. Matthews' solution of the problem is based on a sounder appreciation of the vital elements in the Gospel. To him the supreme "good news" is that all men are potential children of God and that Christ, though one with God, does not cease to be man. "For that reason His coming into the world is a Gospel and not a portent." He shows that to live in love, as Christ did, is to live in contact with reality and that it is to this experience that we are called.

But it must not be supposed that his book is merely evangelical: it contains an able statement of the reasons for belief in a personal God and rightly protests against the curious philosophy which, in forming its conception of the world, discounts the evidence of the moral consciousness. The saints have as good a right to be heard as the poets: it is to the moral consciousness as interpreted by them that we owe our knowledge of and our belief in, the Purpose of Life, and when Dr. Kirsopp Lake declares that the religion of the Experimentalist is the attempt to serve this Purpose, aided in most cases by a belief in a God that hears prayer, we find the point of union between two able modern exponents of the Christian religion.—Evening Standard.

## SHIPPING MOVEMENTS.

The E. & A. Co.'s s.s. *St. Albans* left Manila for this port on the 6th inst. at daylight, with the outward Australian mails, and is due here to-day at noon.

The s.s. *Ceylon* (Swedish East Asiatic Co., Ltd.), left Antwerp on April 4th, and is due to arrive here on or about May 12th.

The R.M.S. *Empress of Russia* arrived at Nagasaki on April 6th at 4 p.m., left on April 7th at 8 a.m., and is due at Kobe to-day (April 8th) at 8 a.m.

The R.M.S. *Empress of Australia* arrived at Woorung on April 6th at 5.30 p.m., left on April 7th at 2.30 p.m., and is due at Hongkong on April 10th (Saturday).

The B.I. and Apcar Line s.s. *Talamba* left Singapore for Hongkong on the afternoon of the 6th inst., and is due to arrive here on the afternoon of the 10th inst.

### VESSELS IN DOCK.

The following vessels are in Dock:—  
Kowloon Dock.—Passet, Tangiatan, Seistan, Anyo Maru.  
Taikoo Dock.—Chinhua, Adna, Kiungchow.  
Cosmopolitan Dock.—Haining, Parpara.  
At Kowloon Bay.—Sun On.  
At Plover Cove.—Pong Tong, Lok Sun.

### SUNRISE AND SUNSET IN HONGKONG.

FOR APRIL, 1926.

(STANDARD TIME OF THE 120th MERIDIAN, EAST OF GREENWICH.)

| Date.          | Sunrise.  | Sunset.   |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|
| April 8th..... | 6.10 a.m. | 6.41 p.m. |
| " 9th.....     | 6.10      | 6.41      |
| " 10th.....    | 6.09      | 6.41      |
| " 11th.....    | 6.08      | 6.42      |
| " 12th.....    | 6.07      | 6.42      |
| " 13th.....    | 6.06      | 6.42      |
| " 14th.....    | 6.05      | 6.43      |
| " 15th.....    | 6.04      | 6.43      |
| " 16th.....    | 6.03      | 6.43      |
| " 17th.....    | 6.02      | 6.44      |
| " 18th.....    | 6.01      | 6.44      |
| " 19th.....    | 6.01      | 6.45      |
| " 20th.....    | 6.00      | 6.46      |
| " 21st.....    | 5.59      | 6.46      |
| " 22nd.....    | 5.58      | 6.46      |
| " 23rd.....    | 5.58      | 6.46      |
| " 24th.....    | 5.57      | 6.47      |
| " 25th.....    | 5.56      | 6.47      |
| " 26th.....    | 5.55      | 6.47      |
| " 27th.....    | 5.55      | 6.48      |
| " 28th.....    | 5.54      | 6.48      |
| " 29th.....    | 5.53      | 6.48      |
| " 30th.....    | 5.52      | 6.49      |



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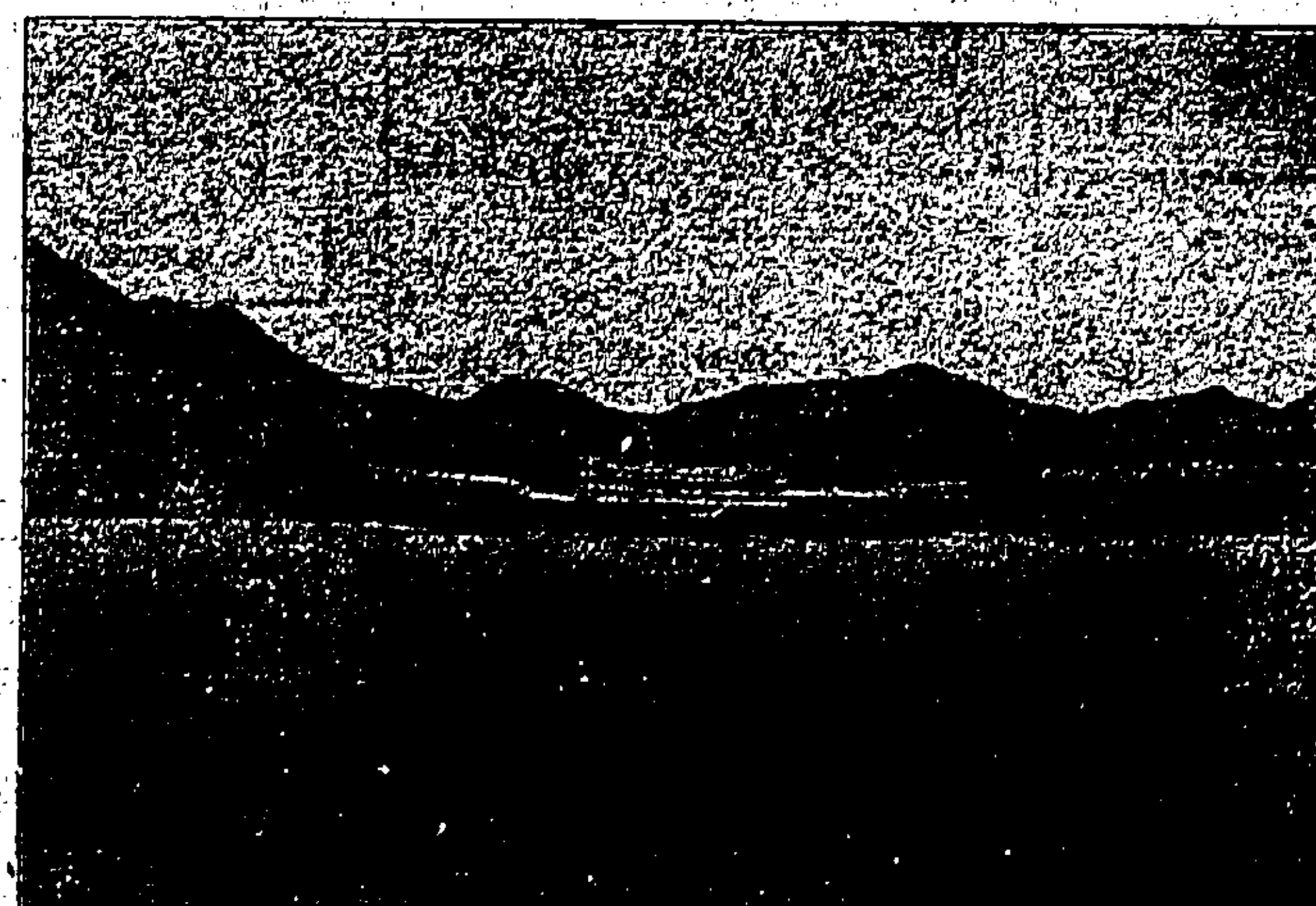


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| "DELTA"     | 8,097  | 15th Apr.             | Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Bombay. |
| "DEVANHA"   | 8,135  | 17th Apr. Noon        | Marseilles, London and Antwerp.      |
| "KALYAN"    | 9,144  | 20th Apr.             | Marseilles, London, Antwerp & Hull.  |
| "ALIPORE"   | 5,273  | 27th Apr.             | Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Bombay. |
| "MACEDONIA" | 11,089 | 1st May.              | Marseilles and London.               |
| "KASHGAR"   | 9,005  | 15th May              | Marseilles, London and Antwerp.      |
| "PERIM"     | 7,848  | 20th May              | Singapore, Penang and Colombo.       |
| "MALWA"     | 10,941 | 23rd May              | Marseilles & London.                 |
| "KEYBER"    | 9,114  | 12th June             | Marseilles, London and Antwerp.      |
| "MANTUA"    | 10,992 | 26th June             | Marseilles and London.               |
| "KARMALA"   | 9,183  | 10th July             | Marseilles, London and Antwerp.      |
| "RANPURA"   | 16,585 | 24th July             | Marseilles and London.               |
| "DELTA"     | 8,097  | 7th Aug.              | Marseilles, London, and Antwerp.     |
| "MACEDONIA" | 11,089 | 21st Aug.             | Marseilles and London.               |
| "KALYAN"    | 9,144  | 4th Sept.             | Marseilles, London & Antwerp.        |
| "MALWA"     | 10,941 | 18th Sept.            | Marseilles & London.                 |
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| "PERIM"      | 7,848  | 12th April | Shanghai and Kobe.       |
| "TALAMBA"    | 8,500  | 12th April | Moji, Kobe and Osaka.    |
| "KASHGAR"    | 9,005  | 15th April | Shanghai, Moji and Kobe. |
| "TALMA"      | 10,000 | 20th April | Kobe.                    |
| "KHYBER"     | 9,114  | 30th April | Moji, Kobe and Yokohama. |
| "TANDA"      | 6,900  | 9th May    | Shanghai.                |
| "MALWA"      | 10,941 | 14th May   | Shanghai, Moji and Kobe. |
| "MANTUA"     | 10,992 | 28th May   | do.                      |
| "PADU"       | 5,907  | 30th May   | Shanghai and Kobe.       |
| "KARMALA"    | 9,099  | 11th June  | do.                      |
| "DELTA"      | 8,097  | 11th June  | Moji, Kobe and Yokohama. |
| "ARAFURA"    | 6,000  | 18th June  | Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.   |
| "KASHGAR"    | 9,005  | 25th June  | Shanghai only.           |
| "RANPURA"    | 16,585 | 9th July   | Shanghai Moji & Kobe.    |
| "MACEDONIA"  | 11,089 | 22nd July  | do.                      |
| "KALYAN"     | 9,144  | 5th Aug.   | do.                      |
| "MALWA"      | 10,941 | 19th Aug.  | do.                      |
| "KASHGAR"    | 9,005  | 2nd Sept.  | do.                      |
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| SHANGHAI                     | "SUIYANG"  | On | 8th April  | 4 p.m.  |
| AMOY & SINGAPORE             | "KINGYUAN" | On | 10th April | 6 a.m.  |
| SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO          | "KANGCHOW" | On | 10th April | 4 p.m.  |
| AMOY & SINGAPORE             | "KINGLAN"  | On | 13th April | 8 a.m.  |
| AMOY & SINGAPORE             | "KALGAN"   | On | 13th April | 6 a.m.  |
| SHANGHAI                     | "KIANGSU"  | On | 14th April | 6 a.m.  |
| SHANGHAI                     | "SOOCHOW"  | On | 14th April | 4 p.m.  |
| SHANGHAI                     | "SHANTUNG" | On | 15th April | 4 p.m.  |
| BANGKOK                      | "OHINEUA"  | On | 18th April | 4 p.m.  |
| SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO          | "SUNNING"  | On | 17th April | 4 p.m.  |
| WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN | "KUEICHOW" | On | 17th April | 4 p.m.  |

For Freight or Passage apply to—

**BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.**

Telephone: CENTRAL 35.

Agents.

CARGO AND PASSAGE CAN BE INSURED AT THE OFFICE OF BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

**AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LTD.**

"CHANGTE" & "TAIPING"  
 THESE NEW VESSELS MAINTAIN A REGULAR SERVICE FROM  
**HONGKONG TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS,**  
 VIA MANILA, ZAMBOANGA, PORT RANGA, THURSDAY ISLAND AND AUSTRALIAN PORTS.  
 Through Bills of Lading issued to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.  
 EXCELLENT & MOST UP-TO-DATE FIRST & SECOND CLASS PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION.  
**HONGKONG TO SYDNEY—19 DAYS.**

| STEAMER | Due Hongkong on or about | SAILING HENCE ON OR ABOUT |
|---------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| CHANGTE | 27th March               | 23rd April                |
| TAIPING | 19th May                 | 25th May                  |
| CHANGTE | 16th June                | 22nd June                 |
| TAIPING | 17th July                | 23rd July                 |

For Freight and Passage Apply to—**BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.**  
 Telephone: CENTRAL 35. Agents.

**DODWELL & CO., LTD.**

**NEW YORK BERTH**

LOADING FOR BOSTON AND NEW YORK VIA SUEZ  
 S.S. "BOWES CASTLE" ... Sailing on or about 19th May

**LLOYD TRIestino.**

REGULAR MONTHLY PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE FOR  
 BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE (Fiume).  
 TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO  
 GENOA, ALL ITALIAN, ADRIATIC, LEVANT, BLACK SEA AND  
 DANUBE PORTS.  
 REDUCED PASSAGE RATES TO BRINDISI, VENICE OR TRIESTE  
 "A" CLASS: £72. 10s. 0d. "B" CLASS: £66. 0s. 0d.

**NEXT SAILINGS.**

OUTWARDS FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE AND MOJI  
 S.S. "FIUME-L" ... Sails 16th April  
 M.V. "VIMINALE" ... Sails 5th May

**HOMEWARDS FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE**

S.S. "ROSANDRA" ... Sails 12th April  
 S.S. "FIUME-L" ... Sails 12th May  
 M.V. "VIMINALE" ... Sails 31st May

**NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS**

FROM CALCUTTA AND COLOMBO TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

S.S. "UMSINGA" ... Sails from Calcutta, 30th June  
 S.S. "UMSINGA" ... Sails from Colombo, 12th July

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service to South African Ports.  
 Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines, apply to—

**DODWELL & CO., LIMITED.**

Telephone: Central 1020.

Agents.

[17]

**BOSTON NEW YORK & BALTIMORE**

Joint Service of the

**BLUE FUNNEL LINE**

(OCEAN S.S. CO., LTD. AND CHINA MUTUAL S.S. CO., LTD.)

AND

**AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE**  
 (ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. Co., Ltd.)

**Sailings from Hongkong.**

s.s. "CALCHAS" ... via Suez Canal ... 9th Apr.  
 s.s. "LANGTON HALL" ... via Suez Canal ... 22nd Apr.  
 s.s. "DIOMEDES" ... via Suez Canal ... 7th May  
 s.s. "ATREUS" ... via Suez Canal ... 21st May.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' option.  
 Subject to charge without notice.

For Freight and Particulars, apply to—

**BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** or **THE BANK LINE, LTD., HONGKONG.**  
**HONGKONG AND CANTON.** **JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD., CANTON.**



## POST OFFICE NOTICE

## NOTICE

WIRELESS TELEGRAPH SERVICE, which offer speedy and efficient means of communication, are established between HONGKONG and SHIPS at SEA, FRENCH INDU-CHINA, the PROVINCE of YUNNAN, and MACAO.

The RADIO TELEGRAPH OFFICE is always open for the reception and transmission of Radio Telegrams and for reporting vessels passing WAGLAN and GAP BOOK LIGHTHOUSES.

WIRELESS SERVICES with Canton and Swatow suspended until further notice.

Full particulars may be obtained on application to the RADIO-COUNTER in the MAIN HALL of the G.P.O. and at the RADIO TELEGRAPH OFFICE, 3rd floor, GOVERNMENT BUILDING.

Detachable articles forwarded by letter post to Great Britain are liable to confiscation by the Customs. Such articles should be forwarded by parcel post only.

## INWARD MAILS.

| FROM                               | PER                   | DATE       |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|
| SHANGHAI & EUROPE via SINGAPORE    | Jessore ...           | 8th April  |
| AMSTERDAM & MANILA                 | St. Albans ...        | 8th April  |
| SHANGHAI                           | Sinkiang ...          | 9th April  |
| CANADA, U.S.A., JAPAN & SHANGHAI   | Emp. of Australia ... | 9th April  |
| MANILA                             | Fres. Jackson ...     | 9th April  |
| MANILA                             | Holston's Mors ...    | 9th April  |
| JAPAN                              | Fres. Pua Buren ...   | 12th April |
| U.S.A., HONGKONG, JAPAN & SHANGHAI | Fres. McKelley ...    | 12th April |
| U.S.A., CANADA, JAPAN & SHANGHAI   | Yuenong ...           | 15th April |
| U.S.A. & CALCUTTA                  | Fres. Pierre ...      | 15th April |
| U.S.A., HONGKONG, JAPAN & SHANGHAI |                       |            |

## OUTWARD MAILS.

| Pos                                                                                                                                                                                              | PER             | DATE                                                      |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| Swatow, Amoy and Formosa                                                                                                                                                                         | Kotai Maru      | Thursday, 8th, 8.30 A.M.                                  |
| Hohow                                                                                                                                                                                            | Tungshu         | 8.30 A.M.                                                 |
| Seigon                                                                                                                                                                                           | H. wait Maru    | 10.30 A.M.                                                |
| Straits & Calcutta                                                                                                                                                                               | Fookson         | Noon                                                      |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                 | 1.00 P.M.                                                 |
| Haiphong                                                                                                                                                                                         | Tonkin          | 12.30 P.M.                                                |
| Swatow & Amoy                                                                                                                                                                                    | Fan Chien       | 12.30 P.M.                                                |
| Shanghai                                                                                                                                                                                         | Suigong         | 2.30 P.M.                                                 |
| Seigon                                                                                                                                                                                           | Jessore         | 2.30 P.M.                                                 |
| Formosa                                                                                                                                                                                          | Kahoku Maru     | 2.30 P.M.                                                 |
| Java via Batavia                                                                                                                                                                                 | Tjaraea         | 3.30 P.M.                                                 |
| Haiphong                                                                                                                                                                                         | Borneo          | Friday, 9th, 9.30 A.M.                                    |
| Manila                                                                                                                                                                                           | Calcha          | 10.30 A.M.                                                |
| Shanghai                                                                                                                                                                                         | Leesang         | 10.30 A.M.                                                |
| Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Egypt & EUROPE via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 9th May                                                                                         | Hakosaki Maru   | Saturday, 10th, 8.45 A.M.                                 |
| Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., C. & S. America & EUROPE via Victoria, B.C.—due Victoria, B.C., 29th April & EUROPE via Siberia (letters & postcards specially superscribed "via Siberia" only) | Fres. Jackson   | Parcels Noon<br>Beg. 2.45 P.M.<br>Letters 3.30 P.M.       |
| Honolulu                                                                                                                                                                                         | Fres. Cleveland | 3.00 P.M.                                                 |
| Swatow, Amoy and Formosa                                                                                                                                                                         | Hosan Maru      | Sunday, 11th, 9.00 A.M.                                   |
| Amoy                                                                                                                                                                                             | Sinkiang        | Monday, 12th, 5.00 P.M.                                   |
| Hohow and Haiphong                                                                                                                                                                               | Hingwang        | Tuesday, 13th, 8.30 A.M.                                  |
| Batavia                                                                                                                                                                                          | Mauwang         | 10.30 A.M.                                                |
| Straits & Calcutta                                                                                                                                                                               | Namsang         | Noon                                                      |
| Seigon, Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Egypt & EUROPE via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 14th May                                                                                | Paul Leat       | Parcels 1.00 P.M.<br>Beg. 1.45 P.M.<br>Letters 2.30 P.M.  |
| Amoy                                                                                                                                                                                             | Kiangsu         | 3.00 P.M.                                                 |
| Shanghai                                                                                                                                                                                         | Seahope         | Wednesday, 14th, 2.30 P.M.                                |
| Shanghai                                                                                                                                                                                         | Shantung        | Thursday, 15th, 2.30 P.M.                                 |
| Batavia                                                                                                                                                                                          | Chinhua         | Friday, 16th, 2.30 P.M.                                   |
| Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Egypt & EUROPE via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 15th May                                                                                        | Deonka          | Parcels 5.00 P.M.<br>Beg. 9.45 A.M.<br>Letters 10.30 A.M. |

\* Correspondence bearing vessel's name only.

## COMMERCIAL

## OPENING QUOTATIONS.

| April 7th, 1925.                  |         |
|-----------------------------------|---------|
| On LONDON—                        |         |
| Telegraphic Transfer              | 3/3     |
| Bank Bills, on demand             | 3/3 1/2 |
| Bank Bills, at 30 days sight      | 3/3 1/2 |
| Bank Bills, at 4 months sight     | 3/3 1/2 |
| Credits, at 4 months sight        | 3/4 1/2 |
| Documentary Bills, 4 months sight | 3/4 1/2 |
| On PARIS—                         |         |
| Bank Bills, on demand             | 157 1/2 |
| Credits, 4 months sight           | 158 1/2 |
| On NEW YORK—                      |         |
| Bank Bills, on demand             | 54 1/2  |
| Credits, at 60 days sight         | 58 1/2  |
| On BOMBAY—                        |         |
| Telegraphic Transfer              | 15 1/2  |
| Bank Bills, on demand             | 15 1/2  |
| On CALCUTTA—                      |         |
| Telegraphic Transfer              | 15 1/2  |
| Bank Bills, on demand             | 15 1/2  |
| On SINGAPORE—                     |         |
| Bank Bills, at sight              | nom.    |
| Private, 30 days sight            | nom.    |
| On YOKOHAMA—On demand             | 118 1/2 |
| On MANILA—On demand               | 109 1/2 |
| On SINGAPORE—On demand            | 135 1/2 |
| On BATAVIA—On demand              | nom.    |
| On HAIKONG—On demand              | nom.    |
| On SAIGON—On demand               | nom.    |
| On BANGKOK—On demand              | 8 1/2   |
| SOVEREIGN, Bank's Buying rate     | \$8.57  |
| GOLD LEAF, 100 fine, per tola     | 29 1/2  |
| BAR SILVER, per oz.               | 29 1/2  |

## HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Head Office: Hongkong.

Authorized Capital .....\$50,000,000  
Issued and Fully Paid-up .....\$30,000,000  
Reserve Funds:—  
Sterling .....\$4,500,000  
Silver .....\$27,000,000  
Reserve Liability of Proprietors .....\$20,000,000

Court of Directors:  
D. G. M. BERNARD, Esq., Chairman.  
Hon. Mr. A. O. LAGO, Deputy Chairman.  
W. H. Bell, Esq. J. A. Plummer, Esq.  
A. H. Compton, Esq. J. G. Webb, Esq.  
P. H. Holyoak, Esq. H. P. White, Esq.  
W. L. Fattenden, Esq. G. M. Young, Esq.

Chief Manager:  
A. H. BARLOW, Esq.  
Manager: Shanghai—G. H. STUTT, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS:  
WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in LOCAL CURRENCY and FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods in LOCAL CURRENCY and STERLING on terms which will be quoted on application.  
Hongkong, April 6th, 1925. [25]

## HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

Interest on Deposits is calculated on the lowest balance during each completed Calendar Month at 3 1/2 per cent. per annum. Should there be no balance on any day in a month no interest will be allowed for that month.

Depositors may transfer at their option Balance of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED DEPOSITS at CURRENT RATES.

For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.  
A. H. BARLOW, Chief Manager.  
Hongkong, 7th January, 1925. [25]

## CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA

APRIL 1925.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

Head Office: LONDON.

Paid-up Capital .....£2,000,000  
Reserve Fund .....£2,000,000  
Reserve Liability of Proprietors .....£2,000,000

Foreign Exchange and General Bank in Business transacted.  
Current Accounts opened and Fixed Deposits received for one year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

A. H. FERGUSON, Manager.  
Hongkong, April 16th, 1925. [30]

## BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.

Head Office:

96, Boulevard Haussmann, Paris.

Subscribed Capital .....Fr. 75,000,000.00  
Paid-up Capital .....Fr. 68,400,000.00  
Reserve Fund .....Fr. 52,087,923.54

BRANCHES:  
Bangkok, Hanoi, Pondicherry  
Batavia, Hongkong, Saigon  
Canton, Managua, Shanghai  
Djibouti, Noumea, Singapore  
Fort-Bayard, Papeete, Tientsin  
Haiphong, Peking, Tourane  
Hankow, Phnom-Penh, Yunnanfu

IN FRANCE: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Crédit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Crédit Industriel et Commercial; Société Générale.  
IN LONDON: The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Crédit Lyonnais.  
IN NEW YORK: J. P. Morgan & Co.; French-American Banking Corporation; Guaranty Trust Co., of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.  
Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.  
A. LECOT, Manager.  
Hongkong, 20th March, 1924. [30]

## THE MERCHANT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Head Office:

15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C. 3.

Authorized Capital .....£3,000,000  
Subscribed Capital .....£1,800,000  
Paid-up Capital .....£1,050,000  
Reserve Fund .....£1,350,000

BANKERS:  
THE BANK OF ENGLAND and MIDLAND BANK, LTD.

BRANCHES:  
Bangkok, Galle, Kuala Lumpur, Rangoon, Batavia, Hongkong, Madras, Shanghai, Bombay, Howrah, New York, Simla, Calcutta, Kandy, Penang, Singapore, Colombo, Karachi, Port Louis, Sourabaya, Delhi, Kota Bharu (Malacca).

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.  
Interest allowed on Current Accounts to 3 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance and on Fixed Deposits at Rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. L. C. SANDES, Manager.  
7, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, March 28th, 1925. [29]

## BANQUE FRANCO-CHINOISE

POUR LE

COMMERCE ET L'INDUSTRIE.

(Incorporated in France).

5, Chater Road, Victoria, Hongkong.

Head Office:

74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.

Capital .....Fr. 20,000,000

Reserves .....Fr. 11,180,000

Special Working Capital .....Fr. 50,000,000

BRANCHES:

Paris, Lyons, Marseilles, Saigon, Haiphong, Hanoi, Peking, Shanghai, Tientsin, Canton, Hongkong.

BANKERS:  
France: Société Générale, Banque Nationale de Crédit, Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas, London: Midland Bank, Ltd., New York: Irving Bank, Columbia Trust Co.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.  
Correspondents throughout the World.

A. BOLLIN, Manager.  
Hongkong, 2nd December, 1924; [29]

## THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD.

(Taiwan Bank)

Incorporated by Special Imperial Charter, 1899.

Capital Subscribed .....Yen 45,000,000  
Capital (Paid-up) .....Yen 39,375,000

Head Office: TAIPEI, FORMOSA.

BRANCHES:

JAPAN: Tokyo, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Formosa:—Gilan, Esai, Kankou, Keelung, Makung, Nantow, Shichiku, Paichu, Tainan, Patao, Tamsui, Tuyen, Aiko, Pinau, CHINA:—Shanghai, Hankow, Amoy, Fochow, Swatow, Canton.

OTHERS: Hongkong, Singapore, Sourabaya, Semarang, Batavia, Bombay, London, New York, Calcutta.

LONDON BANKERS:

LONDON COUNTY WESTMINSTER AND PAIR'S BANK.

The Bank has Correspondents in the Commercial Centres on the European Continent, Russia, Manchuria, Tsingtao, Japan, Indo-China, Siam, India, Philippine Islands, Java, Africa, etc.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits at Rates which will be quoted on application.

T. TAKAGI, Manager.  
HONGKONG BRANCH,  
3, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong, 1st December, 1925. [27]

## THE BANK OF CANTON, LTD.

Head Office: HONGKONG.

Established 1912.

Authorized Capital .....£1,500,000  
PAID UP CAPITAL .....£1,078,000  
SILVER RESERVE FUND .....\$ 700,000

Branches:—CANTON, SHANGHAI, HANKOW, SWATOW, BANGKOK, NEW YORK, and SAN FRANCISCO.

Correspondents in all principal cities of the World.

London Bankers—The LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Deposit Boxes to let.

LOOK FOONG SHAN, Chief Manager.

ON SALE.

BOUND VOLUMES of the HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS, January to June, 1925.

With Index Price—\$7.50.

On sale at the Hongkong Daily Press Office.

[24]

Printed and Published by OLIVER THOMAS BRYANSTON, for the HONGKONG DAILY PRESS, Ltd., at 11, Chater Road, Victoria, Hongkong. London Office: 131, Fleet Street, W.C.

## THE BANK OF CHINA.

行銀國中

(Specially authorized by Presidential Mandate of the Republic of China on the 22nd of November, 1917.)

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL .....\$80,000,000.00  
PAID UP CAPITAL .....15,780,230.00  
RESERVE FUND .....9,884,289.69

Head Office:—PEKING.

Hongkong Branch:—QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Branches and Sub-branches all over China, and Correspondents in Europe, America, and other parts of the world.

London Bankers:—THE GUARANTY TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK, THE NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK, LTD.

New York Bankers:—THE EQUITABLE EASTERN BANKING CORPORATION, THE LIVING BANK-COLUMBIA TRUST CO.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits Terms on application.

Every description of Banking Business transacted.

Loans granted on Approved Securities.

Special facilities for domestic exchange.

TSUYEE FEE, Manager.

Hongkong, January 16th, 1925. [30]

## NEDERLANDSCH HANDEL

MAATSCHAPPIJ.

(Netherlands Trading Society).

Established 1894.

Hongkong Branch established 1908.

Authorized Capital

Gulden 150,000,000

(£15,000,000)

Paid-up Capital

80,000,000

(£8,000,000)

Reserve Fund

20,538,861

(£2,111,408)

Special Reserves

22,880,000

(£2,388,230)

Head Office:—AMSTERDAM.

Eastern Head Office:—BATAVIA.

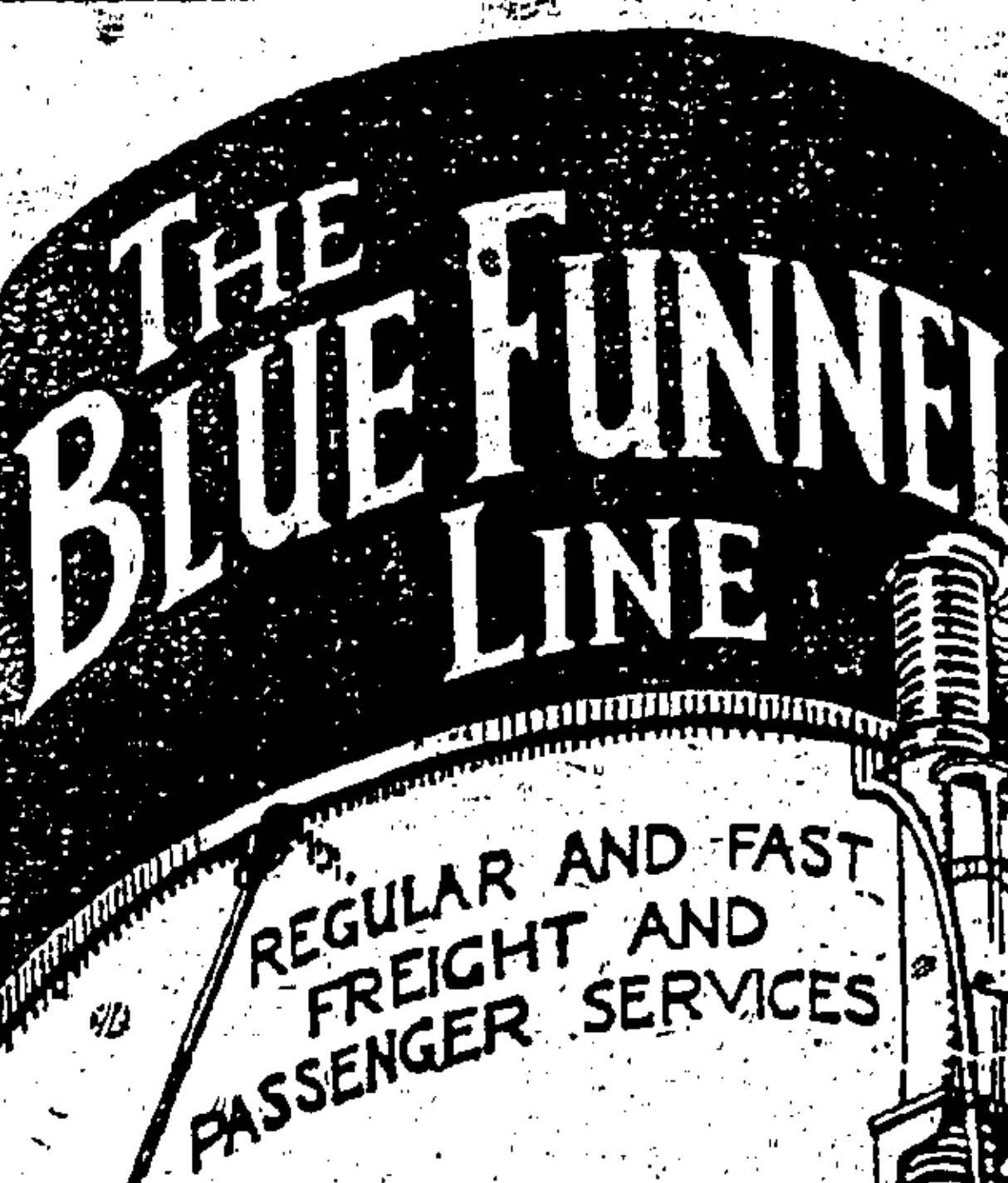
BRANCHES:—Bandjermasin, Bandoeang, Bombay, Calcutta, Cheribon, Djember, Djokjakarta, The Hague, Kobe, Kotsa, Radja, Makassar, Medan, Penang, Palembang, Peking, Rotterdam, Sourabaya, Singapore, Tientsin, Tjilatjap and Weltevreden.

LONDON BANKERS:—NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK, Ltd.

Correspondents all over the World.

BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

J. C. MAASSEN, Acting Manager.



## LONDON SERVICE.

"REVEREND" 20th April Marseilles, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg.  
"PATROCLUS" 5th May Marseilles, London, Rotterdam & Glasgow.  
"TEOLUS" 15th May Marseilles, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg.  
"ANENOR" 2nd June Marseilles, London, Rotterdam & Glasgow.

## LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

"TEUCER" 20th Apr. Genoa, Marseilles, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.  
"MENELAUS" 1st May Genoa, Marseilles, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.  
"HYSON" 20th May Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.  
"KEEMUN" 1st June Genoa, Marseilles, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.

## PACIFIC SERVICE.

(via KOBE & YOKOHAMA)  
"PHILOCTETES" 17th April Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.  
"TINDAREUS" 12th May Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.

## NEW YORK SERVICE.

"CALOCHAS" 9th April Boston, New York & Baltimore.  
"DIOMED" 7th May Boston, New York & Baltimore.

## PASSENGER SERVICE.

"PATROCLUS" 5th May Singapore, Marseilles & London.  
"TEUCER" 2nd June Singapore, Marseilles & London.  
"HECTOR" 14th July Singapore, Marseilles & London.  
"BARBEDON" 8th Sept. Singapore, Marseilles & London.  
"PATROCLUS" 20th Oct. Singapore, Marseilles & London.

Also cargo steamers with limited passenger accommodation at specially reduced rates.

For freight and passage rates and information apply to—

Butterfield & Swire,

Agents.